The following SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION is published in this Supplement which forms part of this Gazette:

- The Health and Safety at Work Ordinance — Regulations made by the Administrator under Section 38 and the Schedule. 18
- The Propagating Material Ordinance — Regulations made under sections 10 (2) and 12. 19
- The Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) (Continuation) Ordinance Order made by the Competent Authority under Defence Regulation 63. 20
- The Land Acquisition Ordinance — Notice under sections 2, 3 and 5. 21 Notice under sections 2, 3 and 5. 22 Notice under section 6. 23 Notice under section 6. 24
- The Value Added Tax Ordinance — Notices Given by the Administrator. 25
In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 38 of and the Schedule to the Health and Safety at Work Ordinance 1999, the Administrator hereby makes the following Regulations:

PART I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Health and Safety at Work (Signs, Signals and Markings) Regulations 2002.

2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

   “acoustic signal” means a coded sound signal which is transmitted by a device without the use of a human or artificial voice;

   “emergency escape or first-aid sign” means a sign which provides information on emergency exits or first aid or rescue facilities;

   “fire-fighting sign” means a sign which provides information on the identification and location of fire-fighting equipment and materials;

   “hand signal” means a signal comprising a movement or position of the arms or hands or both, in coded form, which provides guidance to persons who are carrying out manoeuvres;

   “health and safety sign” means any sign, signal or marking which provides information or instructions concerning health and safety in relation to a specific object, activity or situation at any place of work;

   “illuminated sign” means a sign produced by a device made of transparent or translucent materials, which materials are illuminated from the inside or the rear in such a way as to give the appearance of a luminous surface;

   “mandatory sign” means a sign which prescribes specific behaviour;

   “prohibition sign” means a sign which prohibits specific behaviour;

   “safety colour” means a colour to which a specific meaning is assigned in relation to health and safety;

   “signboard” means a board which provides specific information by a combination of a geometric shape, colour and a symbol or pictogram and which is rendered visible by lighting of sufficient intensity;

   “symbol or pictogram” means a figure which describes a situation or prescribes specific behaviour and which is used on a signboard or an illuminated surface;
“verbal communication” means a predetermined spoken message which is communicated by the use of a human or artificial voice;

“warning sign” means a sign which gives warning of danger;

3. (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) below, these Regulations shall apply to and in relation to places of work.

(2) These Regulations shall not apply to or in relation to any sign, signal or marking concerning:-

(a) the supply of any dangerous substance, preparation, product or equipment, except to the extent that any enactment (whether in an Ordinance or Public Instrument) requiring any such sign, signal or marking to be provided refers to these Regulations;

(b) the regulation of air, road or sea transport.

PART II

OBLIGATIONS OF EMPLOYERS, SELF-EMPLOYED AND OTHER PERSONS

4. (1) Where, (taking into account any risk assessment made pursuant to section 13(3)(b) of the Health and Safety at Work Ordinance 1999) there are risks to the health and safety of persons at work which cannot be avoided or adequately reduced by-

(a) techniques for collective protection; or

(b) any other measures, methods or procedures which may be used in the organisation of work, the employer shall ensure that health and safety signs are provided in accordance with these Regulations.

(2) Without prejudice to the provisions of Schedule V to these Regulations, where there are risks to the health or safety of persons at work arising out of the presence or movement of traffic at their place of work which cannot be avoided or adequately reduced by the means referred to in paragraph (1) above, the employer shall ensure that the signs, signals and markings which would be required by any enactment to be provided in relation to such traffic movements if they took place outside the place of work, are provided inside the place of work, whether or not that enactment applies therein.

(3) Health and safety signs must not be provided in lieu of any other measures that are necessary to be taken from time to time for the protection of persons at work.

(4) Where there are risks to the health or safety of persons (not being his employees) at any place of work which is under the control of a self-employed person, and such risks cannot be avoided or adequately reduced by technical means or other measures, the self-employed person shall ensure that, where appropriate, health and safety signs are provided in accordance with these Regulations.

(5) Where there are risks to the health or safety of persons who use non-domestic premises that are made available to them as a place of work or as a place where they may use plant or substances provided for their use therein and such risks cannot be avoided or reduced by technical means or other measures, the person who has, to any extent, control of:-
(a) such premises;
(b) the means of access to, or egress therefrom; or
(c) of any plant or substance in such premises,

shall ensure (insofar as it is reasonable for a person in his position to make such provision) that health and safety signs are provided in accordance with these Regulations, notwithstanding the fact that such persons are not employed by him.

5. Where health and safety signs are provided at any place of work for the first time on or after the date of the coming into operation of these Regulations such signs must fulfil the minimum requirements set out in the Schedules.

6. Where health and safety signs are provided at any place of work prior to the date of the coming into operation of these Regulations, such signs must fulfil the requirements set out in the Schedules within eighteen months of that date.

7. Every employer shall ensure that-

(a) each of his employees is informed of all the measures to be taken concerning the health and safety signs provided; and

(b) descriptions, illustrations and meanings of such signs are displayed on signboards which are located at easily accessible points.

8. Every employer shall ensure that each of his employees is provided with appropriate instruction, in the form of specific directions, concerning the health and safety signs provided, including, in particular, instruction on:-

(a) the meaning of the signs, especially where such signs incorporate words; and

(b) the general and specific behaviour to be adopted by each employee.

9. Every employer shall consult his employees or their representatives or both and shall facilitate their participation in matters concerning the application of these Regulations.

........./FIRST SCHEDULE
SCHEDULE I
GENERAL MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING HEALTH AND SAFETY SIGNS
(Regulations 4, 5 and 6)

Preliminary remarks

1. – (1) Where health and safety signs are required to be provided by these Regulations, they must conform to the specific requirements set out in Schedules II to IX.

(2) This Schedule:–

(a) introduces the requirements set out in Schedules II to IX;
(b) describes the different uses of health and safety signs; and
(c) provides general rules for interchanging and combining such signs.

(3) Health and safety signs shall be used only to convey the message or information specified in these Regulations.

Types of signs

2. – (1) The following health and safety signs shall be permanently displayed:

(a) emergency or first-aid signs, fire-fighting signs, mandatory signs, prohibition signs and warning signs;
(b) signs on containers and pipes;
(c) signs indicating those places where there is a risk that persons may collide with obstacles or fall;
(d) signs indicating traffic routes.

(2) The following health and safety signs shall be displayed on the occasions specified below:

(a) acoustic signals, illuminated signs, or verbal communications or combinations of these shall be used to:
   (i) signal danger;
   (ii) require persons to take a specific course of action; and
   (iii) order an emergency evacuation of persons.
(b) hand signals or verbal communications or both shall be used, to provide guidance to persons carrying out dangerous manoeuvres.

Interchanging and combining signs

3. – (1) Provided they are equally effective, health and safety signs may be interchanged as follows:

(a) safety colours may be interchanged with signboards, where there is a risk that persons may collide with obstacles or fall;
(b) acoustic signals, illuminated signs and verbal communications may be interchanged with each other;
(c) hand signals may be interchanged with verbal communications.
(2) The following health and safety signs may be used together:-
(a) acoustic signals and illuminated signs;
(b) illuminated signs and verbal communications;
(c) hand signals and verbal communications.

Safety Colours

4. The safety colours specified in column 1 of the Table below shall be used for the purpose specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof, in order to convey the instructions and information specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 of the Table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Safety Colour</td>
<td>Meaning or purpose</td>
<td>Instructions and information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Prohibition sign</td>
<td>Dangerous behaviour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Danger alarm</td>
<td>Stop, shutdown, emergency cutout devices. Evacuation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Fire-fighting sign</td>
<td>Identification and location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow or Amber</td>
<td>Warning sign</td>
<td>Be careful, take precautions. Examine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>Mandatory sign</td>
<td>Specific conduct or action. Wear personal protective equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Emergency escape or first aid sign</td>
<td>Doors, exits, routes, equipment, facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>No danger</td>
<td>Return to normal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Effectiveness of signs

5. The effectiveness of any health and safety sign must not be adversely affected by:--
(a) the presence of another emission source of the same type, which interferes with visibility or audibility, and, in particular, by:--
   (i) the placement of too many signs too close together;
   (ii) the use of two illuminated signs at the same time, which are likely to be confused with each other;
   (iii) the use of an illuminated sign in the proximity of another similar illuminated source;
   (iv) the use of two acoustic signals at the same time; or
   (v) the use of an acoustic signal where there is excessive ambient noise; or
(b) poor design, incorrect positioning, poor state of repair or incorrect functioning.
Other general requirements

6. Health and safety signs shall be:-
   (a) cleaned,
   (b) maintained,
   (c) checked, and
   (d) repaired, or, if necessary, replaced,
   on a regular basis, in order to ensure that they remain effective.

7. The number and positioning of health and safety signs to be displayed shall depend upon the extent of the risk to health and safety or on the zone to be covered.

8. Health and safety signs which require some form of power shall be provided with an emergency power supply for use in the event of a power cut, unless the risk to health and safety itself would be eliminated by any such power cut.

9. (a) The activation of an acoustic signal or illuminated sign shall indicate when the required action must start;
   (b) once activated, the signal or sign shall remain activated for as long as such action is required; and
   (c) immediately after each activation, the signal or sign shall be made ready for further activation.

10. The proper functioning and effectiveness of acoustic signals and illuminated signs shall be checked before they are put into service and thereafter at sufficiently frequent intervals.

11. Where the hearing or sight of any person at work is impaired, including impairment caused by the wearing of personal protective equipment, appropriate measures shall be taken to supplement or replace those health and safety signs which, but for such impairment, would be regarded as sufficient.

12. Areas, rooms or enclosures used for the storage of significant quantities of dangerous substances or preparations shall be-
   (a) indicated by a suitable warning sign, as provided in paragraph 3(2) of Schedule II; or
   (b) marked, as provided in paragraph 1of Schedule III,
   unless the labelling of the individual packages or containers is adequate for this purpose.
SCHEDULE II

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING SIGNBOARDS
(Regulations 4, 5 and 6)

Intrinsic features

1. — (1) Signboards for emergency escape or first-aid signs, firefighting signs, mandatory signs, prohibition signs and warning signs shall have the shapes and colours specified in paragraph 3 below.

(2) Pictograms shall be as simple as possible and contain only essential details.

(3) The pictograms used may differ slightly from those shown in paragraph 3 below, provided:

(a) they convey the same meaning; and

(b) any such differences do not obscure the meaning.

(4) Signboards shall be made of shock and weather-resistant material suitable for the surrounding environment.

(5) The dimensions and colourimetric and photometric features of signboards shall be such as to ensure that they can be easily seen and understood.

Conditions of use

2. — (1) Signboards shall be installed:

(a) at a suitable height;

(b) in a position appropriate to the line of vision, taking into account the presence of any obstacles;

(c) in the case of a general danger, at the point of entry to the area or in the case of a specific danger, in the immediate vicinity thereof; and

(d) in a well-lit, easily accessible and visible location.

(2) Without prejudice to section 22 of the Health and Safety at Work Ordinance 1999, artificial lighting, phosphorescent colours, or reflective materials or a combination of these shall be used where the level of natural light is poor.

(3) Signboards shall be removed when the situation to which they refer ceases to exist.

Shapes and colours

Prohibition signboards

3.(1)(a) Prohibition signboards shall have the following intrinsic features:

(i) a circular shape;

(ii) a black pictogram on a white background;

(iii) a red border;

(iv) a diagonal line from top left to bottom right throughout the whole length of the pictogram at an angle of 45°; and

(v) the red part covering at least 35% of the surface of the signboard; and
(b) subject to paragraph 1(3) above, such signboards shall look like the illustrations below.

No Smoking

Use of naked flame and smoking prohibited

No pedestrians

No extinguishing with water

Non-potable water

No entry for persons without special permit

No way through for load moving vehicles

Do not touch
**Warning signboards**

(2)(a) Warning signboards shall have the following intrinsic features:

(i) a triangular shape;
(ii) a black pictogram on a yellow background;
(iii) a black border; and
(iv) the yellow part covering at least 50% of the surface; and

(b) subject to paragraph 1(3) above, such signboards shall look like the illustrations below.

![Warning signboards illustrations]

- Flammable substances or high temperatures or both
- Explosive substances
- Toxic substances
- Corrosive substances
- Radioactive materials
- Suspended loads
- Load-moving vehicles
- Danger, electrocution
- General danger

*Note 1: In the absence of a specific signboard for high temperatures.*
Radiation laser  Flammable substances  Non-ionising radiation

Strong magnetic field  Danger of tripping  Danger of falling

Biological danger  Low temperature  Harmful or irritating substances

Note 1: The background colour of this signboard may be orange, provided it is appropriate, having regard to other road traffic signs.
Mandatory signboards

(3)(a) Mandatory signboards shall have the following intrinsic features:

(i) a circular shape;
(ii) a white pictogram on a blue background; and
(iii) the blue part covering at least 50% of the surface; and

(b) subject to paragraph 1(3) above, such signboards shall look like the illustrations below.

Mandatory eye protection

Mandatory head protection

Mandatory ear protection

Mandatory protection of respiratory system

Mandatory foot protection

Mandatory hand protection

Mandatory body protection

Mandatory face protection

Mandatory protection against falls

Mandatory pedestrian crossing

General requirement
Emergency escape or first-aid signboards

(4)(a) Emergency escape or first-aid signboards shall have the following intrinsic features:

(i) a rectangular or square shape;

(ii) a white pictogram on a green background; and

(iii) the green part covering at least 50% of the surface; and

(b) subject to paragraph 1(3) above, such signboards shall look like the illustrations below.

![Signboard Illustrations]

Route/Emergency exit

Direction to be followed

First aid  Stretcher  Safety shower room

Eye Wash  Emergency and first-aid telephone

(5) The direction signboards illustrated in sub-paragraph (4)(b) above shall be used in addition to the Route/Emergency exit signboards illustrated therein.
(6)(a) Fire-fighting signboards shall have the following intrinsic features:-

(i) a rectangular or square shape;
(ii) a white pictogram on a red background; and
(iii) the red part covering at least 50% of the surface; and

(b) subject to paragraph 1(3) above, such signboards shall look like the illustrations below.

![Fire hose](image1)

Fire hose

![Ladder](image2)

Ladder

![Fire extinguisher](image3)

Fire extinguisher

![Fire-fighting telephone](image4)

Fire-fighting telephone

![Direction to be followed](image5)

Direction to be followed

(7) The direction signboards illustrated in sub-paragraph (5)(b) above shall be used in addition to the other signboards illustrated therein.
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING SIGNS ON CONTAINERS AND PIPES (Regulations 4, 5 and 6).

1. – (1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) below,
   (a) containers used at work which contain dangerous substances or preparations as defined in Council Directives 67/548/EEC and 88/379/EEC;
   (b) containers used for the storage of such dangerous substances or preparations; and
   (c) the visible pipes containing or transporting such dangerous substances or preparations,
   shall be labelled with a pictogram or symbol on a coloured background, in accordance with those Directives.
   
   (2) Sub-paragraph (1) above shall not apply to:
   (a) containers used at work for short periods; or
   (b) containers, the contents of which change frequently, provided that alternative adequate measures are taken, including, in particular, the provision of information and training, which ensure the same level of protection for the employees.
   
   (3) The labelling referred to in sub-paragraph (1) above may be:
   (a) replaced by warning signboards, as provided in paragraph 3(2) of Schedule II, using the same pictograms or symbols;
   (b) supplemented by additional information such as the name or chemical formula of the dangerous substance or preparation and details of the hazard;
   (c) for the transporting of containers at the place of work, supplemented or replaced by signs applicable throughout the European Union for the transport of dangerous substances or preparations.

2. The signs referred to in paragraph 1 above shall be:
   (a) placed on the visible sides of the containers or pipes; and
   (b) in the form of an inflexible signboard, self-adhesive sign or painted marking.

3. Where appropriate, the signs referred to in paragraph 1 above must:
   (a) have the intrinsic characteristics specified in paragraph 1(4) of Schedule II; and
   (b) satisfy the conditions of use specified in paragraph 2 of that Schedule.

4. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1 to 3 above, the labels affixed to pipes shall be positioned:
   (a) visibly;
   (b) in the vicinity of the most dangerous points, such as valves and joints; and
   (c) at reasonable intervals.
5. — (1) Areas, rooms or enclosures used for the storage of significant quantities of dangerous substances or preparations shall be:

(a) indicated by a suitable warning signboard, as provided in paragraph 3(2) of Schedule II; or

(b) marked as provided in paragraph 1 of this Schedule, unless the labelling of the individual packages or containers is adequate for this purpose, taking into account paragraph 1(5) of Schedule II, with regard to dimensions.

(2) Storage areas of a number of dangerous substances or preparations may be indicated by the warning signboard for "general danger", as provided in paragraph 3(2) of Schedule II.

(3) The signs or labels referred to in this paragraph shall be positioned near the storage area or on the door leading into the storage room, whichever is the most appropriate.
SCHEDULE IV
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE
IDENTIFICATION AND LOCATION OF FIRE-FIGHTING
EQUIPMENT
(Regulations 4, 5 and 6).

1. This Schedule shall apply to equipment and materials used exclusively for fire-fighting purposes.

2. Fire-fighting equipment and materials shall be identified by:-
   (a) using the safety colour specified in paragraph 3 below for the equipment and materials and displaying a location signboard; or
   (b) using that safety colour for the places where such equipment and materials are kept, or the access points thereto; or
   (c) using the means specified in (a) and (b) above.

3. -(a) The safety colour for identifying fire fighting equipment and materials shall be red; and
   (b) the areas covered by the safety colour shall be sufficiently large to allow the equipment and materials to be readily identified.

4. The signboards provided for in paragraph 3(5) of Schedule II shall be used to indicate the locations of the fire fighting equipment and materials.
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING SIGNS USED TO INDICATE OBSTACLES AND DANGEROUS LOCATIONS AND FOR MARKING TRAFFIC ROUTES

(Regulations 4, 5 and 6)

Signs indicating obstacles and dangerous locations.

1. (1) Where, in any built-up zone within the premises to which persons at work have access, there is a risk that they may collide with obstacles, fall or have objects fall upon them, such places shall be marked with alternating yellow and black, or red and white coloured stripes.

(2) The dimensions of the markings referred to in sub-paragraph (1) above shall be commensurate with the scale of the obstacle or dangerous location concerned.

(3) The yellow and black or red and white coloured stripes, as the case may be, shall be:-

(a) at an angle of approximately 45°; and

(b) of approximately equal size.

(4) The markings referred to in this paragraph shall look like the illustration below.

Marking of traffic routes

2. (1) Where the use and equipment of rooms so requires for the protection of persons at work, traffic routes for vehicles shall be clearly identified by continuous stripes in a clearly visible colour, preferably white or yellow, taking into account the colour of the ground.

(2) The stripes shall be located so as to indicate the necessary safe distance between:-

(a) the vehicles and any object which may be nearby; and

(b) the vehicles and pedestrians.

(3) Permanent traffic routes in built-up areas outdoors shall be marked in accordance with sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) above, as far as is practicable, unless such routes are provided with suitable barriers or pavements.
SCHEDULE VI
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING ILLUMINATED SIGNS
(Regulations 4, 5 and 6)

Intrinsic features

1. – (1) The light emitted by any illuminated sign shall be sufficient to produce a luminous contrast with its environment, but not so great that it produces glare, and not so little that it renders the sign difficult to see.

(2) The illuminated area of any sign may:-
   (a) be of a single colour; or
   (b) contain a pictogram on a specified background.

(3) The single colour referred to in sub-paragraph (2)(a) above shall be the safety colour specified for the meaning or purpose of the sign in the Table in paragraph 4 of Schedule I.

(4) Where an illuminated sign contains a pictogram, the pictogram must satisfy all the relevant requirements set out in Schedule II.

Conditions of use

2. – (1) Where any device can emit continuous and intermittent illumination, the intermittent illumination shall be used to indicate a higher level of danger or a more urgent need for the required intervention or action than the continuous illumination.

(2) The duration of each flash and the frequency of the flashes of an intermittently illuminated sign shall be such as to:-
   (a) ensure the proper perception of the message; and
   (b) avoid any confusion between:-
      (i) any such sign and any other illuminated sign; and
      (ii) any such sign and the same sign when it is continuously illuminated.

(3) Where an intermittently illuminated sign is used instead of, or together with, an acoustic signal, identical codes shall be used.

(4) Every device which is used to emit intermittent illumination in the event of grave danger shall be kept under special surveillance or be fitted with an auxiliary lamp.
SCHEDULE VII

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING ACOUSTIC SIGNALS

(Regulations 4, 5 and 6)

_Intrinsic features_

1. – (1) Acoustic signals must:-
   
   (a) have a sound level which is considerably higher than the level of ambient noise, so that it is audible, without being excessive or painful to the ear; and
   
   (b) be easily recognizable, particularly in terms of pulse length and the interval between pulses or groups of pulses, and be clearly distinct from any other acoustic signal or ambient noises.

   (2) Where any device can emit an acoustic signal at variable and constant frequencies, the variable frequency shall be used to indicate a higher level of danger or a more urgent need for the required intervention or action than the constant frequency.

_Coded signal_

2. The coded signal for evacuation shall be continuous.
SCHEDULE VIII
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING
VERBAL COMMUNICATIONS
(Regulations 4, 5 and 6)

Intrinsic features

1. – (1) Verbal communication may be:-
   (a) direct, by means of the human voice; or
   (b) indirect, by means of a broadcast or amplified human or
       artificial voice emitted through a special device.

       (2) Verbal communication may be coded and shall be in the form
           of short texts, phrases, groups of words or individual words.

       (3) Verbal communication shall be as short, simple and clear as
           possible and the verbal skills of the speaker must be such as to
           ensure reliable verbal communication, having regard to the hearing
           abilities of those to whom the communication is addressed.

Conditions of use

2. – (1) The persons involved (namely those responsible for
       delivering verbal communications and those to whom such
       communications are addressed) must have a good knowledge of the
       language used, so as to be able to pronounce and understand the
       communications and, consequently, behave appropriately.

       (2) Where a verbal communication is used instead of, or
           together with, a hand signal for any of the purposes specified in
           column 2 of the Table below, such verbal communication shall take
           the form of the code word specified in the corresponding entry in
           column 1 of the Table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Code Word</td>
<td>Purpose of Verbal Communication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start</td>
<td>To indicate the start of a command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop</td>
<td>To interrupt or end a movement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End</td>
<td>To stop the operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raise</td>
<td>To have a load raised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower</td>
<td>To have a load lowered</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>To indicate a forward move</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backward</td>
<td>To indicate a backward move</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right or Left</td>
<td>To indicate a movement to the right or left, as the case may be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danger</td>
<td>To indicate an emergency stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quickly</td>
<td>To indicate a movement must be speeded up for safety reasons</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) Where any hand signal is used together with any of the code words listed in column 1 of the Table in sub-paragraph (2) above, the two forms of communication shall be coordinated with each other.
Intrinsic features

1. (1) Hand signals shall be precise, simple, expansive, easy to make and to understand, and clearly distinct from other such signals.

   (2) Where both arms are used at the same time, they shall be moved symmetrically and used for giving one sign only.

   (3) The hand signals used may vary slightly from or be more detailed than those shown in paragraph 4 below, provided they are equally meaningful and are equally comprehensible.

Conditions of use

2. (1) The person giving the hand signals, hereinafter referred to as the "signalman", shall use arm and hand movements to give manoeuvring instructions to the person receiving the signals, hereinafter referred to as the "operator".

   (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, the signalman must be able to monitor all manoeuvres visually, without being endangered thereby.

   (3) The signalman’s duties shall consist exclusively of directing manoeuvres and ensuring the safety of persons at work in the vicinity.

   (4) Where a signalman is not able to monitor all manoeuvres visually without being endangered thereby, one or more extra signalmen shall be deployed.

   (5) Where the operator is unable to carry out the instructions he has received from the signalman safely, he shall interrupt the ongoing manoeuvre and request new instructions.

Accessories for hand signals

3. (1) In order to ensure that the operator is able to recognize the signalman without difficulty, the signalman shall wear one or more appropriate distinctive items of clothing (such as a jacket, helmet, sleeves or armbands) or carry bats.

   (2) The distinctive items of clothing referred to in sub-paragraph (1) above shall be:-

      (a) brightly coloured;

      (b) preferably, all of the same colour; and

      (c) for the exclusive use of the signalman.

Coded signals

4. Without prejudice to any other coded signals applicable at European Union level which may be used for the same manoeuvres in certain sectors of industry, and subject to paragraph 1(3) above, the hand signals specified in column 1 of the Table below shall take the form specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof and shall look like the illustration specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 of the Table.
### A. General hand signals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td><strong>Illustration</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A1 START</td>
<td>Attention Start of command</td>
<td>Both arms are extended horizontally with the palms facing forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 STOP</td>
<td>Interruption End of movement</td>
<td>The right arm points upward with the palm facing forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A3 END</td>
<td>End of the operation</td>
<td>Both arms are clasped at chest height</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### B. Vertical movements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td><strong>Illustration</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1 RAISE</td>
<td>The right arm points upward with the palm facing forward and slowly makes a circle</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2 LOWER</td>
<td>The right arm points downward with the palm facing inward and slowly makes a circle</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B3 VERTICAL DISTANCE</td>
<td>The hands indicate the relevant distance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## C. Horizontal movements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td><strong>Illustration</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1 MOVE FORWARD</td>
<td>Both arms are bent with the palms facing upward and the forearms make slow movements toward the body</td>
<td><img src="Q" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C2 MOVE BACKWARD</td>
<td>Both arms are bent with the palms facing downward and the forearms make slow movements toward the body</td>
<td><img src="Q" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C3 RIGHT To the signalman’s right</td>
<td>The right arm is extended approximately horizontally with the palm facing downward and slowly makes small movements to the right</td>
<td><img src="Q" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C4 LEFT To the signalman’s left</td>
<td>The left arm is extended approximately horizontally with the palm facing downward and slowly makes small movements to the left</td>
<td><img src="Q" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C5 HORIZONTAL DISTANCE</td>
<td>The hands indicate the relevant distance</td>
<td><img src="Q" alt="Illustration" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### D. Danger

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Meaning</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td><strong>Illustration</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1</td>
<td>DANGER Emergency stop</td>
<td>Both arms point upward with the palms facing forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2</td>
<td>QUICK MOVEMENT</td>
<td>All movements are made faster</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3</td>
<td>SLOW MOVEMENT</td>
<td>All movements are made slower</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dated this 18th day of January 2002.

By the Administrator's Command,  
D.J. BONNER,  
Chief Officer,  
Sovereign Base Areas.

(107/6)
In exercise of the powers vested in him by sections 10(2) and 12 of the Propagating Material Ordinance 2000 and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Administrator hereby makes the following Regulations:-

Citation
1. These Regulations may be cited as the Phytosanitary Control and Certification of Locally Produced Potato Seed Regulations 2002.

Interpretation
2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:-
   “Agricultural Inspection Report” means the report issued by the Board in accordance with regulation 10;
   “Compliance Report” means the report issued by the Board pursuant to regulation 14;
   “Inspector” means an Inspector of the Board;
   “packing”, in relation to potato seed, means the placing of potato seed in suitable sacks or other suitable containers;
   “packing house” means the place where potato seed is delivered to be packed;
   “plantation” means any plantation which has been planted with propagating material intended for the production of potato seed;
   “tuber test” means any test of the phytosanitary condition of any tuber of any potato seed produced by any plantation;
   “producer” means any person who plants propagating material intended for the production of potato seed;
   “seed lot” means all the potato seed of a single variety produced by a farmer in an integrated place of production;
   “virus infection” means any plant disease which is caused by viruses;
   any reference to a numbered regulation or a numbered Schedule is a reference to the regulation or Schedule so numbered in these Regulations; and
   any reference to a numbered paragraph is a reference to the paragraph so numbered in the regulation or Schedule in which it appears.

Notification of intention to produce potato seed
3. Any person intending to produce potato seed shall submit a notification to the Board in accordance with Form A in Schedule I not later than 31st October in the year preceding the period in which the propagating material for the production of potato seed is to be planted.
Inspection of place of production

4. - (1) Following receipt of the notification referred to in regulation 3, an Inspector, together with the person who submitted the notification, shall carry out an inspection of the place where that person intends to produce potato seed, in order to ascertain its suitability for the purpose.

(2) The place of intended production shall not be considered suitable for the purpose:

(a) unless it has suitable phytosanitary conditions;
(b) unless it is free of golden nemadote;
(c) if it has been cultivated with potatoes during the last two years;
(d) if it contains any potato plants from a previous cultivation (hereinafter referred to as “ground keepers”);
(e) unless it is at least ten metres away from any other potato plants which are being cultivated for consumption.

(3) The decision relating to the suitability of the place of intended production shall be communicated to the intending producer by the Board or by the Department of Agriculture of the Republic in the form of an approval or a rejection.

Approval of propagating material

5. - (1) The planting of any propagating material intended for the production of potato seed is hereby prohibited, unless it has been inspected by the Board and approved as suitable for such purpose.

(2) The propagating material referred to in paragraph (1) shall be approved pursuant to paragraph (1) where it is ascertained that:

(a) it has been produced in accordance with the internationally recognised conditions of production specified in the relevant directives of the European Union;
(b) it is accompanied by a certificate verifying that, in phytosanitary terms, it is of Grade A quality or better; and
(c) the diameter of its tubers does not exceed 40 millimetres.

(3) Details of propagating material which has been approved pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be published in at least three daily newspapers of the Republic.

Time of planting

6. Propagating material, approved pursuant to regulation 5(1), may only be planted during the period prescribed by the Board, details of which shall be published together with the details referred to in regulation 5(3).

Cultivation methods

7. - (1) Subject to paragraph (2), every producer shall comply with any directions of the Board concerning the cultivation methods to be used for the purpose of ensuring the potato seed produced from the propagating material is healthy and of good quality.
(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), every producer shall ensure, at the time of planting the propagating material, that the different varieties of propagating material planted are separated by a distance of at least two metres from one another or that a line of planting remains empty between them.

(3) Without prejudice to paragraph (1), after planting the propagating material, every producer shall uproot and remove from the place of production:-

(a) any plant presenting symptoms of any virus or other contagious disease, together with its "mother" and any new tubers;

(b) all ground keepers; and

(c) all other plants not originating from the propagating material planted.

(4) The uprooting and removal of any plant exhibiting symptoms of disease pursuant to paragraph (3)(a) shall be carried out immediately upon the appearance of the disease and, in any event, before the first visit of the Inspector to inspect the plantation.

**Application for inspection of plantation**

8. After planting the propagating material for the production of potato seed, the producer shall submit an application to the Board for inspection of the plantation and for the furnishing of an Agricultural Inspection Report, which application shall be submitted in accordance with Form B in Schedule II.

**Plantation inspections**

9. – (1) Following receipt of an application submitted pursuant to regulation 8, an Inspector of the Board shall visit the plantation to which the application relates at least twice, for the purpose of inspecting it.

(2) (a) The first inspection referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out no later than one month after germination;

(b) the second inspection referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out between ten and fifteen days prior to the uprooting of the potato seed; and

(c) both such inspections shall be carried out in the presence of the producer.

**Agricultural Inspection Report**

10. After the second inspection referred to in regulation 9 and provided that he is satisfied that the phytosanitary condition of the plantation is suitable, the Inspector shall issue, on behalf of the Board, an Agricultural Inspection Report for each seed lot, in accordance with Form C in Schedule III.

**Limits of tolerance of diseases in plantation**

11. The phytosanitary condition of the plantation shall be deemed to be unsuitable and no Agricultural Inspection Report shall be issued:-

(a) if the second inspection reveals that:-

(i) the plantation is affected by any of the diseases specified in column 1 of Form D in Schedule IV to an
extent which exceeds the percentage of tolerance specified for that disease in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof;

(ii) the producer has not complied with regulations 5, 6 or 7;

(iii) the percentage of plants in the plantation which have died or are stunted exceeds 10%; or

(iv) the purity of the variety is less than 99.5%; or

(a) a proper inspection of the plantation cannot be carried out because of:-

(i) the presence of weeds;

(ii) excessive growth or necrosis of the foliage;

(iii) destruction of the foliage due to hail, storm, frost, pests, or diseases;

(iv) weak growth due to drought or other causes; or

(v) abnormalities present in the foliage or in other parts of the plants due to the use of chemical formulations or to other causes.

**Periods for harvesting potato seed etc.**

12. The producer shall:-

(a) harvest the potato seed; and

(b) destroy the foliage,

within the periods decided by the Board, details of which shall be given to him by the Inspector during his second inspection of the plantation.

**Methods for destruction of foliage**

13.– The destruction of the foliage pursuant to sub-paragraph (b) of regulation 12 shall be done by:-

(a) uprooting and removing the plants; or

(b) spraying the plants with chemical substances.

**Compliance Report**

14. Where the Board is satisfied that the potato seed has been harvested and the foliage has been destroyed in accordance with regulations 12 and 13 it shall issue the producer with a Compliance Report for the relevant seed lot.

**Delivery of seed lot to packing house for packing**

15. After harvesting of the potato seed, the producer shall deliver the seed lot for packing to any of the packing houses specified by the Board (following the Board’s consultation with the Potato Marketing Board), together with the Agricultural Inspection Report issued to him pursuant to regulation 10 and the Compliance Report issued to him pursuant to regulation 14.

**Tuber testing and post-testing inspection**

16. The Inspector of the Board may take any tubers from the seed lot for the purpose of conducting a tuber test or a post-testing inspection:-
(a) during the harvesting of the potato seed;
(b) at the time of delivery of the seed lot to the packing house;
(c) after the uprooting and removal of the plants or after the spraying of the foliage.

Limits of tolerance of pests etc. in seed lot

17. – (1) Subject to paragraph (2), if, in the light of the findings of any tuber test or post-testing inspection carried out pursuant to regulation 16, the Inspector forms the opinion that the seed lot is affected by any of the pests, diseases or other defects specified in column 1 of Form E in Schedule V to an extent which exceeds the percentages of tolerance specified for that pest, disease or other defect in the corresponding entries in columns 2, 3 and 4 thereof, that seed lot shall not be approved by the Board.

(2) The percentages of tolerance specified in columns 2, 3 and 4 of Form E for the pests, diseases and other defects specified in column 1 thereof shall apply only where such pests, diseases and defects occur in potato seed of the same variety in other European Countries.

Separation and packing of tubers

18. – (1) After the delivery of the seed lot to the packing house, the tubers shall be separated according to their variety and size, as follows:-

(a) tubers under 25 millimetres in diameter;
(b) tubers of between 25 and 40 millimetres in diameter;
(c) tubers of between 25 and 55 millimetres in diameter;
(d) tubers of between 30 and 60 millimetres in diameter.

(2) Once the tubers are separated in accordance with paragraph (1), they shall be packed accordingly, with the exception of those tubers which fall into the category specified in sub-paragraph (a) thereof, which shall be deemed unsuitable for use as potato seed.

Labelling of seed

19. – (1) During the packing of the potato seed at the packing house:-

(a) a special label, bearing the seal of the Board, shall be placed inside the sack or other container; and
(b) a second identical label shall be placed on the outside of the sack or other container.

(2) The labels referred to in paragraph (1) shall be taken to verify that the sack or other container contains potato seed approved by the Board.
FORM A

SOVEREIGN BASE AREAS

NOTIFICATION OF INTENTION TO PRODUCE POTATO SEED

Period of production of potato seed (months & year):
Registration number:
Full name of farmer:
Postal address:
Telephone number:
Village:
Location of field:
Area to be planted:
Previous plantation:
Other details for the purpose of locating the field:

Signature of farmer:
Date:
FORM B

SOVEREIGN BASE AREAS

APPLICATION FOR INSPECTION OF POTATO SEED PLANTATION

Period of production of potato seed (months & year):
Registration number:
Full name of producer:
Postal address:
Telephone number:
Village:
Location:
Date of plantation:
Variety:
Quantity of seeds (number of sacks):
Area:
Previous plantation:
Other details for the purpose of locating the plantation:

Signature of producer:
Date:

For official use only:
FORM C
SOVEREIGN BASE AREAS
AGRICULTURAL INSPECTION REPORT

Period of Production of Potato Seed (months & year):
Registration number:
Full name of farmer:
Postal address:
Village:
Location of field:
Varieties:
Estimated quantity of seed for delivery:
Date of uprooting:
Inspection dates of Inspector:
Results of inspections:

Recommendations:

Signature of Inspector:
Full name of Inspector:
Position:
Date:
### SCHEDULE IV
(Regulation 11)

**FORM D**

**SOVEREIGN BASE AREAS**

**LIMITS OF TOLERANCE OF DISEASES IN PLANTATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of disease</strong></td>
<td><strong>Percentage of tolerance in plantation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaf roll, Leaf drop streak, Rugose mosaic viruses, Other serious viruses, ground keepers</td>
<td>1.50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Erwinia carotovora ssp. Atroseptica</td>
<td>4.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilting-chlorosis-vascular diseases</td>
<td>5.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From Verticillium, Fusarium etc.</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. Sepedonicum and Pseudomonas solanacearum</td>
<td>10.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhizoctonia solani</td>
<td>15.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phytophthora infestans</td>
<td>10.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** At the discretion of the Inspector, the cause of the wilting may be determined by a laboratory test.

**Note 2:** Provided that in the case where the percentage of the plantation affected by Phytophthora infestans is less than 15%, the phytosanitary condition of the plantation shall be deemed to be adequate only if the producer keeps the tubers, after their uprooting, in piles for at least ten days and, thereafter, it is ascertained by the Inspector that the tubers are not affected.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column 1</th>
<th>Column 2</th>
<th>Column 3</th>
<th>Column 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pests and diseases and other defects by Group</strong></td>
<td><strong>Percentage of tolerance per Unit</strong></td>
<td><strong>Percentage of tolerance per Group</strong></td>
<td><strong>Total percentage of tolerance</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synchytrium endobioticum</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditylenchus destructor</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Globodera spp</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. Sepezdonicum</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pseudomonas solanacearum</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phthorimea = Gnorimoschema operculella</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato Tuber Spindle Viroid</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptinotarsa decemlineta</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group 2</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phytophthora infestans</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Erwinia carotovora ssp. Atroseptica</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wet rot</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fusarium spp.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phoma spp.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group 3</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oospora = Polyscytalum pustulans (other than in the eyes of tubers)</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spongiospora subteranea</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group 4</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phizoctonia solani</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streptomyces spp. over 1/3 of surface of tubers affected</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group 5</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External injuries (other than diseases) and staining which is not characteristic of the variety and/or deformations</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Column 1)</td>
<td>(Column 2)</td>
<td>(Column 3)</td>
<td>(Column 4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pests and diseases and other defects by Group</td>
<td>Percentage of tolerance per Unit</td>
<td>Percentage of tolerance per Group</td>
<td>Total percentage of tolerance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth or other substances</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dated this 18th day of January 2002.

By the Administrator's Command,

D.J. BONNER,
Chief Officer,

Sovereign Base Areas.

(195/2/1)
The Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) (Cyprus) Order, 1946.

Order Made by the Competent Authority
Under Defence Regulation 63.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Defence Regulation 63, as set out in the First Schedule to the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) (Cyprus) Order, 1946, [as applied to and adapted in the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia by the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia Order in Council, 1960 and the Laws (Adaptation and Interpretation) (Consolidation and Extension) Ordinance, 1968] which Order continues in force by virtue of the provisions of the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) (Continuation) Ordinance, the Competent Authority for the purpose of the said Regulation hereby makes the following Order:—

1. Subject to the restrictions and conditions contained in the First Schedule to this Order, the use for the purpose of constructing and registration of a public road leading to the Fishing Shelter, Ormidhia within the Dhekelia Sovereign Base Area, of the land and property specified in the Second Schedule hereto (hereinafter referred to as “the land”) during a period of one year from the date of this Order is hereby authorised.

2. The persons using the land in pursuance of this Order are entitled to do thereon or in relation thereto such acts as may be necessary for the purpose referred to in paragraph 1.

3. The exercise of any right of way over the land and of any other right relating thereto which is enjoyed by any person whether by virtue of any interest in the land or otherwise, is hereby prohibited during the period this Order shall remain in force.

First Schedule

1. The land shall be occupied and used for the purpose of constructing and registration of a public road leading to the Fishing Shelter, Ormidhia within the Dhekelia Sovereign Base Area.

2. At the expiration of this Order, that part of the land which shall not have been compulsorily acquired by an Order made under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Ordinance (Cap.226-Laws of Cyprus, as amended from time to time), shall be returned to the persons entitled thereto, free of any erection, structure or construction erected or constructed thereon after the making of this Order.

3. Compensation shall be paid to the persons having an interest in the land for its use and occupation under this Order.
SECOND SCHEDULE


The land area of the above immovable property comprises 1 decar and 750 square metres or thereabouts and is shown coloured red on the relative set of plans kept at the Headquarters of the Sovereign Base Areas Administration.

Dated this 30th day of January 2002.

By the Administrator's Command,

D.J. BONNER,
Chief Officer,
Sovereign Base Areas
Competent Authority.
No. 21
THE LAND ACQUISITION ORDINANCE
(Cap.226-Laws of Cyprus-and Ordinances 12 of 1963, 9 of 1964,

NOTICE UNDER SECTIONS 2, 3, AND 5.

Whereas it has been represented to the Administrator that it is
desirable to construct and register a public road leading to the
Fishing Shelter, Ormidhia within the Sovereign Base Area of
Dhekelia;

And whereas it is, in the opinion of the Administrator desirable,
for public purposes, to construct and register a public road leading
to the Fishing Shelter, Ormidhia as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in him by
Sections 2, 3 and 5 of the Land Acquisition Ordinance, the
Administrator does hereby declare the construction and registration
of a public road leading to the Fishing Shelter, Ormidhia within the
Sovereign Base Area of Dhekelia to be an undertaking of public
utility and does hereby entrust the acquisition of the land required
for the said undertaking to the Chief Officer, Sovereign Base Areas.

Dated this 30th day of January 2002.

By the Administrator's Command,

D.J. BONNER,
Chief Officer,

Sovereign Base Areas.
(106/1)
THE LAND ACQUISITION ORDINANCE

NOTICE UNDER SECTIONS 2, 3, AND 5.

Whereas it has been represented to the Administrator that it is desirable to improve and widen the Xylophagou-Avgorou road within the Sovereign Base Area of Dhekelia;

And whereas it is, in the opinion of the Administrator desirable, for public purposes, to improve and widen the Xylophagou-Avgorou road as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers vested in him by Sections 2, 3 and 5 of the Land Acquisition Ordinance, the Administrator does hereby declare the improvement and widening of the Ormidhia-Xylophagou road within the Sovereign Base Area of Dhekelia to be an undertaking of public utility and does hereby entrust the acquisition of the land required for the said undertaking to the Chief Officer, Sovereign Base Areas.

Dated this 4th day of February 2002.

By the Administrator's Command,

D.J. BONNER,
Chief Officer,
Sovereign Base Areas.
No. 23

THE LAND ACQUISITION ORDINANCE

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6.

With reference to Public Instrument No. 21 published in Supplement No. 3 to the Gazette No. 1239 of the 5th February 2002, Notice is hereby given that the following private immovable property is required for the undertaking of the public utility mentioned therein.


The land area of the above immovable property comprises 1 decar and 750 square metres or thereabouts and is coloured red on the relative plans kept at the office of the Sovereign Base Areas Administration, Dhekelia.

Any person claiming to have any right or interest in the said land, who objects to the acquisition, is required within 21 days from the date of publication of this Notice, to send me a statement of his right and interest and of the evidence thereof and of any claim made by him in respect of such right or interest.

The Administrator is willing to treat for the acquisition of the said land.

A set of plans showing the land described above is available for inspection at the office of the Sovereign Base Areas Administration, Dhekelia.

Dated this 30th day of January 2002.

K. DEMETRIADES,
Area Officer,
Dhekelia Sovereign Base Areas.

(106/1)
No. 24

THE LAND ACQUISITION ORDINANCE

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6.

With reference to Public Instrument No. 22 published in Supplement No. 3 to the Gazette No. 1239 of the 5th February 2002, Notice is hereby given that the following private immovable property is required for the undertaking of the public utility mentioned therein.

The private immovable property within the Sovereign Base Area of Dhekelia, in the village of Xylophagou of Larnaca District, under and in connection with plot Nos. 1096 (part), 1095 (part), 1094 (part), 1092 (part), 620 (part), 624 (part), 179 (part), 630 (part), 194 (part), 193 (part) of the Government Survey Plan XLII.17W1, 437 (part), 179 (part), 604 (part), 178 (part), 177 (part), 172 (part), 195 (part), 612 (part), 170 (part), 198 (part), 199 (part), 143 (part) of the Government Survey Plan XLI.16E2, 721 (part), 141 (part), 586 (part), 145 (part), 146 (part), 147 (part), 137 (part), 136 (part), 148 (part) of the Government Survey Plan XLI.16E1.

The land area of the above immovable property comprises 9 decars and 325 square metres or thereabouts and is coloured red on the relative plans kept at the office of the Sovereign Base Areas Administration, Dhekelia.

Any person claiming to have any right or interest in the said land, who objects to the acquisition, is required within 21 days from the date of publication of this Notice, to send me a statement of his right and interest and of the evidence thereof and of any claim made by him in respect of such right or interest.

The Administrator is willing to treat for the acquisition of the said land.

A set of plans showing the land described above is available for inspection at the office of the Sovereign Base Areas Administration, Dhekelia.

Dated this 4th day of February 2002.

K. DEMETRIADES,
Area Officer,
Dhekelia Sovereign Base Areas.

(106/1)
No. 25
THE VALUE ADDED TAX ORDINANCE
(Ordinance 10 of 2001)

NOTICES GIVEN BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.

The Administrator hereby appoints 1st February 2002 as the day on which the following Public Instruments come into force –

(a) the Value Added Tax (Special Provisions) Regulations 2002 (P.I. 7/2002);
(b) the Value Added Tax (Reliefs for Imported Goods) Regulations 2002 (P.I. 8/2002);
(c) the Value Added Tax (Reliefs for International Organisations and Diplomatic Missions) Regulations 2002 (P.I. 9/2002);
(d) the Value Added Tax (Reliefs under the Treaty of Establishment) Regulations 2002 (P.I. 10/2002);
(e) the Value Added Tax (Special Scheme for Farmers) (Designated Activities) Regulations 2002 (P.I. 11/2002); and

Dated this 5th day of February 2002.

By the Administrator's Command,
G. BARLOW,
Acting Chief Officer,
Sovereign Base Areas.

(119/8/2)