The following SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION is published in this Supplement which forms part of this Gazette:

The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance—

The Pharmacy and Poisons Regulations, 1968, made under Section 38

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REGULATIONS MADE UNDER SECTION 38.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 38 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, the Administrator hereby makes the following Regulations:—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Pharmacy and Poisons Regulations, 1968.

2.—(1) In these Regulations unless the context otherwise requires—

“animal” includes poultry;

“antimonial poisons” means chlorides of antimony, oxides of antimony, sulphides of antimony, antimonates, antimonites and organic compounds of antimony;

“arsenical poisons” means halides of arsenic, oxides of arsenic, sulphides of arsenic, arsenates, arsenites, copper acetarsenite, sodium thioarsenates and organic compounds of arsenic;

“British National Formulary” means the current edition of the book published by that name (including supplements thereof) by the British Medical Association and the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain;

“British Pharmaceutical Codex” means the current edition of the book published by that name (including supplements thereof) by direction of the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain;

“British Pharmacopoeia” means the current edition of the book published by that name (including supplements thereof) under the direction of the General Medical Council of the United Kingdom pursuant to the Medical Act, 1956;

“British Veterinary Codex” means the current edition of the book published by that name (including supplements thereof) and produced by the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain;

“food” includes a beverage;

“medicine for the internal treatment of human ailments” includes any medicine to be administered by hypodermic injection, but does not include any mouth wash, eye drops, eye lotion, ear drops, douche or similar articles;

“Part I poison” or “Part II poison” means a poison included in Part I or Part II of the Poisons List;
“Poisons List” means the Second Schedule to the Ordinance; “sale exempted by section 20 of the Ordinance” means a sale made in such circumstances as to be entitled, except as provided by these Regulations, to exemption under section 20 of the Ordinance from the foregoing provisions of Part III of the Ordinance; “transaction exempted by section 19 of the Ordinance” means the supply of a medicine in such circumstances as to be entitled to exemption under section 19 of the Ordinance from the provisions of sections 15 to 18 of the Ordinance.

(2) Any reference in the Schedules to these Regulations to the percentage of a poison contained in any substance or preparation shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be construed in the following manner, that is to say, a reference to a substance or preparation containing one per cent of any poison means-

(a) in the case of a solid, that one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred grammes of the substance or preparation;

(b) in the case of a liquid, that one millilitre of the poison, or, if the poison itself is a solid, one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred millilitres of the substance or preparation;

and so in proportion for any greater or lesser percentage.

3.—(1) No person other than an officer or servant of the Crown or an authorised Service organisation in the course of his duty shall import poisons into the Areas by sea or air:

Provided that this regulation shall not apply to the importation of poisons into the Areas by sea or air, which are intended to be conveyed into the Republic, if such conveyance into the Republic would be lawful under the provisions of the Republican law.

APPLICATION AND RELAXATION OF PART III OF THE ORDINANCE.

4. It shall not be lawful for any shopkeeper to sell poisons on any premises used for or in connection with his retail business, notwithstanding that the sale is exempted by section 20 of the Ordinance, unless he complies with the provisions of paragraphs (a) (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 16 or section 17, as the case may be, of the Ordinance.

5.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, the provisions of section 18 of the Ordinance and of Regulations 15 to 20 of these Regulations (which provisions relate to the labelling of poisons) shall apply to sales exempted by section 20 of the Ordinance, other than sales of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus; and shall also apply to the supply of poisons (otherwise than on sale) in like manner as if references in the said

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Importation of poisons.

Restriction of sales by shopkeepers.

Extension of labelling with respect to Poisons in the Second Schedule and in Part B of the Fourth Schedule.
provisions to the sale and the seller of poisons included references to the supply and the supplier of poisons respectively.

(2) The said provisions, except the provisions of Regulation 19 of these Regulations and of paragraph (d) of section 18 of the Ordinance as modified by Regulation 20 of these Regulations, shall not apply to the sale or supply of any of the poisons included in the Second Schedule to these Regulations to a person who—

(a) carries on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold by way of wholesale dealing or are regularly used in the manufacture of other articles, and

(b) requires the poison for the purpose of that business, if the outside of the package in which the poison is sold or supplied is labelled conspicuously with words indicating the dangerous properties of the poison.

(3) The provisions of paragraph (c) of section 18 of the Ordinance and of Regulation 18 of these Regulations shall not apply to sales exempted by section 20 of the Ordinance of any of the poisons included in Part B of the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations.

6. The provisions of subsections (1) (d) and (2) of section 16 of the Ordinance (which make provision as to persons to whom poisons may be sold and to the keeping of records of sales) shall apply with respect to all substances included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, whether or not the poison sold is a poison included in Part I of the Poisons List, and shall not apply with respect to any other substance:

Provided that—

(i) paragraph (d) of the said subsection (1) of section 16 of the Ordinance shall, in its application to sales by licensed sellers of poisons, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the poison is sold is known by the person in charge of the premises on which the poison is sold or of the department of the business in which the sale is effected to be a person to whom the poison may properly be sold; and

(ii) the provisions of the said paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 16 shall not apply so far as the poison specified in the first column of the Twelfth Schedule to these Regulations is concerned, to sales of substances specified in the second column of that Schedule.

7. Nothing in these Regulations shall apply, except as is expressly provided therein, to transactions exempted by section 19 of the Ordinance.

8. Such of the provisions of these Regulations and of Part III of the Ordinance as modified by these Regulations, as apply solely with respect to the substances included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, shall not apply with respect to—
(a) machine-spread plasters; or
(b) surgical dressings; or
(c) articles containing barium carbonate or zinc phosphide and prepared for the destruction of rats or mice; or
(d) corn paints in which the only poison is a poison included in the Poisons List under the heading of “Cannabis”.

9. Nothing in Part III of the Ordinance or in these Regulations shall apply-

(a) with respect to any article included in Group I of the Third Schedule to these Regulations; or

(b) so far as any poison specified in the first column of Group II of that Schedule is concerned, with respect to any of the articles or substances specified in the second column opposite the description of the poison.

ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE SALE OF POISONS

10.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations, except on and in accordance with a prescription complying with the requirements of paragraph (3) of this Regulation given by a duly qualified medical practitioner or dentist or veterinary surgeon:

Provided that when an authorised seller of poisons is reasonably satisfied that a person ordering any such poison is a duly qualified medical practitioner who is by reason of some emergency unable to furnish such a prescription immediately, he may, notwithstanding that no such prescription has been given, if the said person undertakes to furnish him within the twenty-four hours next following with such a prescription, deliver the poison ordered in accordance with the directions of the said person, so, however, that notwithstanding anything in any such directions, the supply shall not be repeated unless such a prescription has been given.

If any person by whom any such undertaking has been given fails to deliver to the seller a prescription in accordance with the undertaking, or if any person for the purpose of obtaining delivery of any poison under the foregoing proviso makes a statement which is to his knowledge false, he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Regulation.

(2) This Regulation shall apply to the sale of any such poison, notwithstanding that it is a transaction exempted by section 19 of the Ordinance, but shall not apply to any sale exempted by section 20 of the Ordinance.

(3) For the purposes of this Regulation a prescription shall, in the case of any poison included in the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations, be in writing and be signed by the person giving it with his usual signature and be dated by him and, in the case of
any poison included in Part A of the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations—

(a) specify the address of the person giving it;

(b) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if the prescription is given by a veterinary surgeon, of the person, to whom the medicine is to be delivered;

(c) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words “for dental treatment only” or, if given by a veterinary surgeon the words “for animal treatment only”;

(d) when the medicine is packed otherwise than in ampoules, indicate—

(i) except in the case of a preparation contained in the British National Formulary, the total amount to be supplied, and

(ii) except in the case of a preparation which is to be used for external treatment only, the dose to be taken;

(e) when the medicine is packed in ampoules, indicate—

(i) except in the case of a preparation contained in the British National Formulary, either the total amount to be supplied or the total amount intended to be administered or injected; and

(ii) in any case, the amount intended to be administered or injected in each dose.

(4) The person dispensing the prescription shall comply with the following requirements:—

(a) the prescription must not be dispensed more than once unless the prescriber has directed thereon either that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or that it may be dispensed at stated intervals;

(b) if the prescription contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or at stated intervals it must not be dispensed otherwise than in accordance with the direction;

(c) a prescription which contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times but no direction as to the intervals at which it may be dispensed shall not be dispensed more often than once in three days, and a prescription which contains a direction that it is to be dispensed at a stated interval but no direction as to the number of times that it may be dispensed shall not be dispensed more often than three times;

(d) at the time of dispensing or, where a poison has been delivered under the proviso to paragraph (1) of this Regulation, on the subsequent receipt of the prescription there
must be noted on the prescription above the signature of the prescriber the name and address of the seller and the date on which the prescription is dispensed or, as the case may be, the poison was delivered;

(e) except in the case of a prescription which may be dispensed again, the prescription must, for a period of two years, be retained and kept on the premises on which it was dispensed in such manner as to be readily available for inspection.

11. It shall not be lawful for any authorised seller of poisons to sell any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, notwithstanding that the substance is a poison included in Part II of the Poisons List, unless the sale is effected by, or under the supervision of, a recognised pharmacist.

12.—(1) No shopkeeper shall be entitled by virtue of being a licensed seller of Part II poisons to sell—

(a) any poison other than ammonia, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, potassium quadroxalate and sulphuric acid, except in a closed container as closed by the manufacturer or in containers in which it has been repacked by a recognised pharmacist;

(b) any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations unless the sale is effected by himself or by a responsible deputy.

In this paragraph the expression “responsible deputy” means a person nominated as a deputy on the seller’s form of application for a licensed seller of Part II poisons, or any person substituted by notice in writing to the Chief Officer for a person so nominated, and not more than two deputies shall be nominated at the same time in respect of one set of premises.

(2) No person shall be entitled by virtue of being a licensed seller of Part II poisons to sell—

(a) any poison included in the first column of Part A of the Fifth Schedule to these Regulations unless the article or substance sold is one of the articles or substances specified against the description of the poison in the second column of that Part, and the container of the substance is, in addition to any other direction of the Ordinance or of these Regulations with respect to labelling, labelled clearly with a notice of the special purpose for which the article or substance is intended, and a warning that it is only to be used for that purpose;

(b) any poison included in Part B of the Fifth Schedule to these Regulations, unless the purchaser thereof is engaged in the trade or business of agriculture or horticulture and requires the poison for the purpose of that trade or business.
13. It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Thirteenth Schedule to these Regulations which is intended for use as a weed killer or in the prevention or treatment of infestation by animals, plants or other living organisms unless there has been added to the poison a dye or other substance which renders it of a distinctive colour whether dry or wet or in solution:

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply in the case of—

(a) poisons which are themselves of a distinctive colour;

(b) sheep dips which are already of a distinctive colour; or

(c) articles to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus.

14.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply strychnine except as an ingredient in a medicine:

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to the sale of strychnine—

(a) by way of wholesale dealing; or

(b) to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus; or

(c) for the purpose of being compounded in medicines prescribed or administered by a duly qualified medical practitioner or veterinary surgeon; or

(d) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis; or

(e) to a person producing a written authority in the form set out in the Tenth Schedule to these Regulations issued by the Chief Officer and authorising the purchase of strychnine for the purpose of killing moles or seals.

(2) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any substance to which this paragraph applies:

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to the sale of a substance to which this paragraph applies—

(a) by way of wholesale dealing; or

(b) to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus; or

(c) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis; or

(d) to a person producing a written authority in the form set out in the Eleventh Schedule to these Regulations issued—

(i) by the Chief Officer for substances which are to be used as rodenticides; or
(ii) by any officer of the Administration, nominated in that behalf by the Chief Officer, for substances which are to be used for pest control, authorising the purchase of such substances to which this paragraph applies.

This paragraph applies to monofluoroacetic acid, any salt there-of, fluoroacetamide and fluoroacetanilide.

(3) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply sodium arsenites or potassium arsenites except as an ingredient in-

(i) a medicine; or

(ii) a sheep dip or sheep wash in a container clearly labelled with, in addition to any other direction of the Ordinance or of these Regulations with respect to labelling, a notice of the special purpose for which the substance is intended, and a warning that it is only to be used for that purpose:

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to the sale of sodium arsenite or potassium arsenites-

(a) by way of wholesale dealing; or

(b) to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus; or

(c) for the purpose of being compounded in medicines prescribed or administered by a duly qualified medical practitioner or veterinary surgeon; or

(d) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis.

(4) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply lysergide or its salts or psilocybin:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to the sale of lysergide or its salts or psilocybin—

(a) by way of wholesale dealing; or

(b) to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus; or

(c) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis; or

(d) to a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purpose of his profession as such.

(5) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply embutramide or mebezonium iodide:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to the sale of embutramide or mebezonium iodide—

(a) by way of wholesale dealing; or
(b) to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus; or

(c) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis; or

(d) to a veterinary surgeon for the purpose of killing animals or birds in the course of his profession as such.

(6) Any authority issued under the provisions of this Regulation shall be retained by the seller of the poison to which the authority relates.

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO LABELLING AND CONTAINERS

15.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, the particulars with which the container of a poison is required to be labelled under section 18 of the Ordinance and under these Regulations, must appear in a conspicuous position on the container in which the poison is sold and on every box or other covering of whatever nature enclosing the container, and the particulars must be clearly and distinctly set out and not in any way obscured or obliterated.

(2) Where the poison is contained in an ampoule, cachet or similar article, it shall not be necessary to label the article itself, if every box or other covering in which the article is enclosed is duly labelled.

(3) Nothing in the said section 18 or in Regulations 15 to 20 of these Regulations shall require the labelling of any transparent cover or any wrapper, hamper, packing case, crate or other covering used solely for the purposes of transport or delivery.

16.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, for the purposes of paragraph (a) of section 18 of the Ordinance and of sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph (3) of Regulation 25 of these Regulations the name of a poison shall be—

(a) where the term under which a poison is included in the Poisons List describes the poison specifically—

(i) the said term; or

(ii) the name published by the General Medical Council of the United Kingdom as the approved name of the poison; or

(iii) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex or the British Veterinary Codex, one of the names or synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the monograph;

(b) where the said term describes a group of poisons and not the poison specifically—
(i) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex or the British Veterinary Codex, one of the names or synonyms or abbreviated names set out at the head of the monograph; and

(ii) in any other case, the accepted scientific name, the name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the poison or the name published by the General Medical Council of the United Kingdom as the approved name of the poison.

(2) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of—

(a) a substance which is the subject of a monograph in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex or the British Veterinary Codex, or any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a substance; or

(b) a preparation contained in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex, the British National Formulary, or the British Veterinary Codex, or any dilution, concentration or admixture of such preparation; or

(c) a surgical dressing for which a standard is described in the British Pharmaceutical Codex,

be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing paragraph of this Regulation, to state the name, synonym or abbreviated name used to describe the substance, preparation or surgical dressing in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex, the British National Formulary or the British Veterinary Codex, with the addition of the letters "B.P.", or "B.P.C.", "B.N.F." or B.Vet.C.", as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes aforesaid it shall, in the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the First column of the Sixth Schedule to these Regulations, be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in paragraph (1) of this Regulation, to state the name of the poison or substance mentioned in the second column of the said Schedule in respect of which the proportion of the poison to the total ingredients of the preparation is in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) of Regulation 17 of these Regulations expressed.

(4) For the purposes aforesaid it shall in the case of a preparation derived from nux vomica or from opium and containing one or more alkaloids of nux vomica or of opium named in the Poisons List, be sufficient, notwithstanding anything in paragraph (1) of this Regulation, to state the name of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, or one of the names or abbreviated names of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, set out at the head of the monographs in the British Pharmacopoeia, the British Pharmaceutical Codex or the British Veterinary Codex.
17.—(1) For the purposes of paragraph (b) of section 18 of the Ordinance (which requires preparations containing poisons to be labelled with the prescribed particulars as to the proportion of poison therein) the label of the container of any preparation containing a poison as one of its ingredients shall, subject as hereinafter provided, include a statement of the proportion which the poison bears to the total ingredients of the preparation.

(2) In the case of a preparation containing a poison specified in the first column of the Sixth Schedule to these Regulations, it shall be sufficient to state on the label the particulars specified in the second column of that Schedule against the description of the poison.

(3) In the case of a preparation derived from nux vomica or from opium and containing one or more alkaloids of nux vomica or of opium named in the Poisons List, it shall be sufficient, so far as those alkaloids are concerned, to state on the label the proportion of strychnine or morphine, as the case may be, contained in the preparation.

(4) In the case of a substance, preparation or surgical dressing which is named in accordance with paragraph (2) of the last foregoing Regulation, it shall not be necessary to state on the label the proportion of the poison contained in the substance, preparation or surgical dressing and, in the case of any dilution, concentration or admixture of such a substance or preparation, it shall be sufficient to state the proportion which the substance or preparation bears to the total ingredients of the dilution, concentration or admixture.

(5) Where the poison is in tablets, pills, cachets, capsules, lozenges or similar articles, or in ampoules, it shall be sufficient to state on the label of the box or other covering in which the articles are enclosed the number of the articles and the amount of the poison, or in the case of such a preparation as is mentioned in the last foregoing paragraph the amount of the preparation, contained in each article.

(6) Where any proportion is stated as a percentage, the statement shall indicate whether the percentage is calculated on the basis of weight in weight, weight in volume, or volume in volume.

18.—(1) In pursuance of paragraph (c) of section 18 of the Ordinance (which requires the containers of poisons to be labelled with the word “Poison” or other prescribed indication of character), the container of any article specified in the Seventh Schedule to these Regulations shall, instead of being labelled with the word “Poison”, be labelled with the words specified in the said Schedule as applicable to that article.

(2) The said words specified as aforesaid or the word “Poison”, as the case may be, must not be modified in meaning by the addition of any other words or marks; and—

(a) in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule
to these Regulations, must either be in red lettering or
be set against a red background; and

(b) in all cases must either be on a separate label or be sur-
rounded by a line within which there must be no other
words except words with which the container of the poi-
son is required to be labelled under the Ordinance or
these Regulations.

19.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any poison—

(a) in the case of a liquid other than a medicine, contained in
a bottle of a capacity of not more than one hundred and
twenty fluid ounces, unless the bottle is labelled with the
works “Not to be taken”;

(b) in the case of an embrocation, liniment, lotion, liquid anti-
septic or other liquid medicine for external application,
unless the container is labelled with the name of the
article and the words “For external use only”.

(2) It shall not be lawful to sell or supply any compressed
hydrocyanic acid unless the container is labelled with the words
“Warning. This container holds poisonous gas and should only
be opened and used by persons having expert knowledge
of the precautions to be taken in its use”;

Provided that in the case of any compressed hydrocyanic acid supplied on behalf of the Crown the requirements of this Regulation
shall be deemed to have been complied with if any form of words
approved by the Administrator having a similar meaning to the
form of words set out in this paragraph appear on the container.

(3) This Regulation shall be in addition to the other require-
ments of the Ordinance and of these Regulations with respect to
labelling and shall apply to transactions exempted by section 19
of the Ordinance, but shall not apply to the sale of poisons to be
exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus.

20.—(1) The provisions of paragraph (d) of section 18 of the
Ordinance (which requires the container of a poison to be labelled
with the name of the premises) shall not apply in the case of an
article sold for the purpose of being sold again in the same con-
tainer.

(2) The requirements of the said paragraph shall be deemed to
be satisfied, in the case of a poison supplied from a warehouse or
depot, if the container of the poison is labelled with the address
of the supplier’s principal place of business or, in the case of a
limited company, of the registered office of the company.

(3) Where any poison is sold in a container and outer covering
in which it was obtained by the seller, it shall be sufficient if the
name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was
sold appear only on the outer covering.
(4) Where the names of more than one person or more than one address appear on any label, there must also be words on the label indicating clearly which person is the seller and at which of the address the poison was sold.

21.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell, whether wholesale or retail, or supply any poison unless—

(a) it is contained in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport; and

(b) in the case of a liquid contained in a bottle of a capacity of not more than one hundred and twenty fluid ounces, not being a medicine made up ready for the internal treatment of human or animal ailments, or a local anaesthetic for injection in the treatment of human or animal ailments, the outer surface of the bottle is fluted vertically with ribs or grooves recognisable by touch.

(2) Sub-paragraph (a) of the foregoing paragraph shall apply to transactions exempted by section 19 of the Ordinance and sub-paragraph (b) shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the Island of Cyprus or the sale or supply of poisons to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education or research or analysis.

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT

22.—(1) It shall not be lawful to store any poison except in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage from the container arising from the ordinary risks of handling.

(2) It shall not be lawful to store any substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations in any retail shop or premises used in connection therewith unless the substance is stored—

(a) in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for the storage of poisons; or

(b) in a part of the premises which is partitioned off or otherwise separated from the remainder of the premises and to which customers are not permitted to have access; or

(c) on a shelf reserved solely for the storage of poisons and—

(i) no food is kept directly under the shelf; and

(ii) the container of the substance is distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles and substances other than poisons stored upon the same premises:

Provided that, in the case of any such substance to be used in agriculture or horticulture, it shall not be lawful to store the
substance on any shelf, or in any such part of the premises as aforesaid if food is kept in that part, or in any cupboard or drawer unless the cupboard or drawer is reserved solely for the storage of poisons to be used as aforesaid.

23. It shall not be lawful to consign any poison for transport unless it is sufficiently stoutly packed to avoid leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport.

24.—(1) It shall not be lawful to consign for transport by carrier any poison included in the Eighth Schedule to these Regulations unless the outside of the package containing the article is labelled conspicuously with the name or description of the poison as set forth in the said Schedule and a notice indicating that it is to be kept separate from food and from empty containers in which food has been contained.

(2) It shall not be lawful for any person knowingly to transport any such poison as aforesaid, either on his own behalf or for another person, in any vehicle in which food is being transported, unless the food is carried in a part of the vehicle effectively separated from that containing the poison, or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination.

(3) This Regulation shall not apply with respect to medicines.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS WITH RESPECT TO HOSPITALS

25.—(1) The provisions of Part III and section 34 of the Ordinance and of these Regulations except the provisions of Regulation 19, shall not apply with respect to—

(a) any medicine for the treatment of human ailments dispensed from a hospital or institution of the Crown or the Government of Cyprus or any other hospital or institution approved for the purposes of this Regulation by the Chief Officer;

(b) any medicine for the treatment of animals supplied from a veterinary hospital or other institution of the Crown or the Government of Cyprus which is under the superintendence of a veterinary surgeon:

Provided that, unless such medicine is dispensed or supplied from an institution controlled by the Crown or an authorised Service organisation the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Regulation shall be satisfied in relation thereto.

(2) The medicine must not be supplied or dispensed except by, or on and in accordance with a prescription of a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, or a duly qualified dentist for the purposes of dental treatment, or a veterinary surgeon for the purposes of animal treatment.

(3) The container of the medicine must be labelled—
(a) with a designation and address sufficient to identify the hospital, or dispensary from which it was supplied;

(b) except in the case of a medicine made up ready for treatment, with the word "Poison";

(c) in the case of a poison supplied from a veterinary hospital with the words "For animal treatment only";

and in the case of a medicine to which Regulation 19 of these Regulations applies the requirements of that Regulation shall be satisfied in addition to the requirements aforesaid.

26.—(1) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a pharmacist no medicine containing a poison shall be supplied from that department for use in the wards, operating theatres or other sections of the institution, except in accordance with the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Regulation.

(2) The medicines must not be issued except upon a written order signed by a duly qualified medical practitioner, dentist, or a nurse in charge of a ward, theatre or other section of the institution:

Provided that in a case of emergency a medicine containing a poison may be issued, notwithstanding that no such written order is produced, on an undertaking by the person ordering the medicine to furnish such a written order within the twenty-four hours next following.

(3) The container of the medicine must be labelled—

(a) with words describing its contents; and

(b) in the case of substances included in the First Schedule to these Regulations, with a distinguishable mark or other indication indicating that the poison is to be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons and other dangerous substances.

(4) In this Regulation "institution" means any hospital, dispensary, clinic, nursing home or other institution at which human ailments are treated other than an institution controlled by the Crown or an authorized Service organisation.

27.—(1) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a pharmacist, all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution shall be stored in that department.

(2) In every institution every substance included in the First Schedule to these Regulations which is stored in the wards shall be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons and other dangerous substances.
(3) All places in which poisons are kept in an institution shall be inspected at intervals of not more than three months by an authorised person appointed under section 26 of the Ordinance.

(4) In this Regulation "institution" has the same meaning as in the last foregoing Regulation.

MISCELLANEOUS

28. In all establishments in which pharmaceutical preparations containing any poison are manufactured for the purpose of the internal treatment of human ailments, the preparation must be manufactured by, or under the supervision of a pharmacist or a person having one of the following qualifications in chemistry:—

(a) the Fellowship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry;

(b) the Associateship of the Royal Institute of Chemistry;

(c) any similar qualifications recognised by the Chief Officer:

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply to the manufacture by, or under the supervision of a duly qualified medical practitioner of preparations containing insulin, the active principles of pituitary, suprarenal or thyroid glands or the salts of the active principles of thyroid gland.

29.—(1) A certificate given for the purposes of paragraph (d) (i) of subsection (1) of section 16 of the Ordinance, being a certificate certifying a person to be a person to whom a poison may properly be sold, shall be in the form, and shall contain the particulars, set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Regulations.

(2) On any sale of a poison upon such a certificate as aforesaid, the certificate shall be retained by the seller and shall be kept on the premises on which the sale was effected for a period of two years.

30. All books kept for the purposes of Part III of the Ordinance shall be preserved on the premises on which the sales recorded therein were made for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry was made therein.

31. The Chief Officer may by Notice published in the Gazette regulate the opening or closing of pharmacies by rotation and compel any pharmacist or pharmacists to keep his or their premises open or closed during any hours prescribed in such Notice.

Such notice may contain any directions, terms or conditions as the Chief Officer may think fit to impose.

32. These Regulations shall come into force on a date to be fixed by notice in the Gazette and thereupon the Pharmacy and Poisons Regulations shall be revoked.
FIRST SCHEDULE
(Regulations 6 and 11)

Substances included in the Poisons List to which special restrictions apply unless exempted by Regulation 8

Acetyldihydrocodeine; its salts.
Alkaloids, as follows: their salts, simple or complex; their quaternary compounds:
Aconite, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.02 per cent. of the alkaloids of aconite.
Atropine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of atropine or not more than one percent. of atropine methonitrate.
Belladonna, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent of the alkaloids of belladonna calculated as hyoscyamine.
Brucine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of brucine.
Calabar bean, alkaloids of.
Coca, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of the alkaloids of coca.
Cocaine except substitutes containing less than 0.1 per cent. of cocaine.
Codeine except substances containing less than 1.5 per cent. of codeine.
Colchicum, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of colchicum calculated as colchicine.
Coniine except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of coniine.
Cotarnine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of cotarnine.
Curare, alkaloids of; curare bases.
Ecgonine; its esters; except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.1 per cent. of ecgonine.
Emetine except substances containing less than one per cent. of emetine.
Gelsemium, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of the alkaloids of gelsemium.
Homatropine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of homatropine.
Hyoscine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of hyoscine.
Hyoscyamine except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of hyoscyamine.

Jaborandi, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi.

Lobelia, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of lobelia.

Morphine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine.

Nicotine.

Papaverine except substances containing less than one per cent. of papaverine.

Pomegranate, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.5 per cent. of the alkaloids of pomegranate.

Quebracho, alkaloids of.

Sabadilla, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of sabadilla.

Solanaceous alkaloids, not otherwise included in this Schedule, except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. of solanaceous alkaloids calculated as hyoscyamine.

Stavesacre, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of the alkaloids of stavesacre.

Strychnine except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of strychnine.

Thebaine except substances containing less than one per cent. of thebaine.

Veratrum, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of veratrum.

Yohimba, alkaloids of.

Allylisopropylacetylucrea.

Allylprodine; its salts.

Alphameprodine; its salts.

Alphaprodine; its salts.

Amino-alcohols esterified with benzoic acid, phenylacetic acid, phenylpropionic acid, cinnamic acid or the derivatives of these acids, except substances containing less than ten per cent. of esterified amino-alcohols and except procaine when in a preparation containing any antibiotic; their salts.

Anileridine; its salts.

Antimonial poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of antimony trioxide.

Apomorphine; its salts; except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of apomorphine.

Arsenical poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.01 per cent. of arsenic trioxide and except denitrifies containing less than 0.5 per cent. of acetarsol.
Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance.

Barium, salts of.

Benzethidine; its salts.

Benzoylmorphine; its salts.

Benzylmorphine; its salts.

Betameprodine; its salts.

Betaprodine; its salts.

Busulphan; its salts.

Cannabis; the resin of cannabis; extracts of cannabis; tinctures of cannabis; cannabin tannate.

Cantharidin except substances containing less than 0.01 per cent of cantharidin.

Cantharidates except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.01 per cent. of cantharidin.

Carbachol.

Carperidine; its salts.

Clonitazene; its salts.

Dehydroemetine; its salts.

Demecarium bromide.

Desomorphine; its salts.

Dextromethorphan; its salts; except substances containing less than 1.5 per cent. of dextromethorphan.

Dextromoramide; its salts.

Dextrorphan; its salts.

Diacetylmorphine; its salts.

Diampromide; its salts.

Diacetylnalorphine; its salts.

Digitalis, glycosides and other active principles of, except substances containing less than one unit of activity (as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia) in two grammes of the substance.

Dihydrocodeine; its salts.

Dihydrocodeineone; its salts; its esters; their salts.

Dihydromorphine; its salts; its esters; their salts.

Dimenoxadole; its salts.

Dimepheptanol; its salts.

Dinitrocresols (DNOC); their compounds with a metal or a base; except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols.
Dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols.
Dinosam; its compounds with a metal or a base.
Dinoseb; its compounds with a metal or a base.
Dioxaphetyl butyrate; its salts.
Diphenoxylate; its salts; except (a) pharmaceutical preparations in solid or liquid form containing not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate calculated as base and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine calculated as atropine sulphate per dosage unit and containing no other substance to which any Part of the Narcotic Drugs Ordinance applies and (b) liquid preparations containing 0.5 milligrams diphenoxylate hydrochloride, 0.005 milligrams atropine sulphate, 0.16 millilitres ethyl alcohol, 0.002 millilitres imitation cherry flavour, 0.45 millilitres glycerine, 0.4 millilitres sorbitol solution (70 per cent.), 0.01 milligrams red dye colour index No.14700 (F.D. 4C. Red No. 4), 0.008 millilitres water.
Dipipanone; its salts.
Disulfiram.
Dithienylallylamines; dithienylalkylallylamines; their salts.
Dyflos.
Embutramide.
Ecothiopate iodine.
Endosulfan.
Endothal; its salts.
Endrin.
Ethylmorphine; its salts; except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of ethylmorphine.
Etonitazene; its salts.
Etoxeridine; its salts.
Fentanyl; its salts.
Fluoroacetamide; fluoroacetanilide.
Furethidine; its salts.
Gallamine; its salts; its quaternary compounds.
Guanidines, as follows:—
    polymethylene diguanidines; di-p-anisyl-p-phenethylguanidine.
Hydrocyanic acid except substances containing less than 0.15 per cent. weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); cyanides except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0.1 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); double cyanides of mercury and zinc.
Hydromorphinol; its salts.
Hydromorphone; its salts; its esters; their salts.
Hydroxypethidine; its salts.
Isomethadone (isoamidone); its salts.
Ketobemidone; its salts.
Laudexium; its salts.
Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils.
Levomethorphan; its salts.
Levomoramide; its salts.
Levophenacylmorphan; its salts.
Levorphanol; its salts.
Mannomustine; its salts.
Mebezonium iodide.
Mercaptopurine; its salts; derivatives of mercaptopurine; their salts.
Mercuric chloride except substances containing less than one per cent. of mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide except substances containing less than two per cent. of mercuric iodide; nitrates iodide; nitrates of mercury except substances containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg); potassiomercuric iodides except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury except substances, not being aerosols, containing less than the equivalent of 0.2 per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg).
Metazocine; its salts.
Methadone (amidone); its salts.
Methadyl acetate; its salts.
Methyldesorphine; its salts.
Methyldihydromorphine; its salts.
1-Methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid, esters of; their salts.
Metopon; its salts.
Monofluoroacetic acid; its salts.
Morpheridine; its salts.
Mustine and any other N-substituted derivative of di-(2-chloroethyl) amine; their salts.
Myrophine; its salts.
Nalorphine; its salts.
Nicocodine; its salts.
Normethadone; its salts.
m-Nitrophenol; o-nitrophenol; p-nitrophenol.
Noracemethadol; its salts.
Norcodeine; its salts.
Norlevorphanol; its salts.
Normorphine; its salts.
Norpipanone.
Nux Vomica except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent of strychnine.
Opium except substances containing less than 0.2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine.

Organo-tin compounds, as follows:—

Compounds of fentin.
Ouabain.
Oxycinchoninic acid, derivatives of; their salts; their esters.
Oxycodone; its salts; its esters; their salts.
Oxymorphone; its salts.
Phenacemide.
Phenadoxone; its salts.
Phenampronide; its salts.
Phenazocine; its salts.
Phencyclidine; its salts.
Phenomorphan; its salts.
Phenoperidine; its salts.
Phenylcinchoninic acid; salicylcinchoninic acid; their esters.
Pholcodine; its salts; except substances containing less than 1.5 per cent. of pholcodine.

Phosphorus compounds, as follows:—

Amiton.
Azinphos-ethyl.
Azinphos-methyl.
Demeton-0.
Demeton-S.
Demeton-0-methyl.
Demeton-S-methyl.
Dichlorvos.
Diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate.
Diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate.
Dimefox.
Disulfoton.
Ethion.
Ethyl-p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate.
Mazidox.
Mecarbam.
Mevinphos.
Mipafox.
Oxydemeton-methyl.
Parathion.
Phenkaptan.
Phorate.
Phosphamidon.
Schradan.
Sulfotep.
TEPP (HETP).
Thionazin.
Triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.
Vamidothion.
Picrotoxin.
Piminodine; its salts.
Polymethylenebistricmethylammonium salts.
Proheptazine; its salts.
Propoxyphene; its salts.
Racemethorphan; its salts.
Racemoramide; its salts.
Racemorphan; its salts.
Savin, oil of.
Strophanthus; glycosides of.
Thallium, salts of.
Thebacon; its salts; its esters; their salts.
Tretamine; its salts.
Triazquone.
Trimeperidine; its salts.
Zinc phosphide.
SECOND SCHEDULE
(Regulation 5 (2)).

Poisons exempted from labelling provisions when sold or supplied in certain circumstances.

Alkali fluorides.
Ammonia.
Antimony, chlorides of; oxides of antimony; sulphides of antimony; antimonates; antimonites.
Chloroform.
Dinitrocresols (DNOC).
Dinitronaphthols dinitrophenols.
Formaldehyde.
Formic acid.
Glyceryl trinitrate.
Hydrochloric acid.
Hydrofluoric acid; sodium silicofluoride.
Lead acetates; compounds of lead with acids from fixed oils.
Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury.
Mercury, oxides of; nitrates of mercury.
Nitric acid.
Nitrobenzene.
m-Nitrophenol; o-nitrophenol; p-nitrophenol.
Oxalic acid; metallic oxalates.
Phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal.
Phosphorus, yellow.
Picric acid.
Potassium hydroxide.
Sodium hydroxide.
Sulphuric acid.
THIRD SCHEDULE
(Regulation 9).

Articles exempted from the provisions of the Ordinance and of these Regulations.

GROUP I.—GENERAL EXEMPTIONS.

Adhesives; anti-fouling compositions; builders' materials; ceramics; distempers; electrical valves; enamels; explosives; fillers; fireworks; fluorescent lamps; glazes; blue; inks; lacquer solvents; loading materials; matches; motor fuels and lubricants; paints other than pharmaceutical paints; photographic paper; pigments; plastics; propellants; rubber; varnishes.

GROUP II.—SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS.

Poison

Acetanilide; Alkyl acetanilides

Substance or article in which exempted

Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments.

Alkaloids, as follows:-

Brucine

Surgical spirit containing not more than 0.015 per cent. of brucine.

Emetine

Ipecacuanha; extracts and tinctures of ipecacuanha; substances containing less than 0.05 per cent. of emetine.

Ephedra, alkaloids of

Substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of ephedra.

Jaborandi, alkaloids of

Substances containing less than 0.025 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi.

Lobelia, alkaloids of

Preparations for the relief of asthma in the form of cigarettes, smoking mixtures or fumigants; substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of the alkaloids of lobelia.

Nicotine

Tobacco; preparations with a soap base, containing not more than 7.5 per cent of nicotine, weight in weight; aerosols containing not more than 0.2 per cent of nicotine, weight in weight.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poison</th>
<th>Substance or article in which exempted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pomegranate, alkaloids of</td>
<td>Pomegranate bark.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solanaceous alkaloids</td>
<td>Stramonium contained in preparations for the relief of asthma in the form of cigarettes, smoking mixtures or fumigants.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stavesacre, alkaloids of Soaps;</td>
<td>ointments; lotions for external use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p-Aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of p-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts</td>
<td>Feeding stuffs containing not more than 0.5 per cent. of total sulphonamides; sulphamquinoxaline when contained, to a concentration not exceeding 0.5 per cent., in preparations for the destruction of rats and mice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>Substances not being solutions of ammonia or preparations containing solutions of ammonia; substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of ammonia (NH₃); refrigerators; smelling bottles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Androgenic, oestrogenic and progestational substances, as follows:-</td>
<td>Preparations intended for external application; only feeding stuffs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzoestrol</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivatives of stilbene, dibenzyl or naphthalene with oestrogenic activity; their esters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steroid compounds with androgenic or oestrogenic or progestational activity; their esters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-histamine substances, as follows: their salts; their molecular compounds:-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Poison

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antazoline</th>
<th>Substance or article in which exempted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bromodiphenhydramine</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Buclizine</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbinoxamine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chlorcyclizine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chlorpheniramine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cinnarizine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clemizole</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cyclizine</td>
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<tr>
<td>3-Di-n-butylaminomethyl-4, 5, 6-trihydroxphthalide</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Diphenhydramine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diphenylpyraline</td>
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<tr>
<td>Doxylamine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Isothiopendyl</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mebrodrolin</td>
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<tr>
<td>Meclozine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phenindamine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pheniramine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Phenyltoxolamine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Promethazine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pyrrobutamine</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Thenalidine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tolpromine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Triprolidine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substances being tetra-substituted N derivatives of ethylenediamine or propylenediamine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Antimony, chlorides of

Polishes.

### Arsenical poisons

Pyrites ores or sulphuric acid containing arsenical poisons as natural impurities.

### Barium, salts of

Witherite other than finely ground witherite; barium carbonate bonded to charcoal for case hardening fire extinguishers containing barium chloride.

### Carbarsone

Poultry feeding stuffs containing not more than 0.0375 per cent. of carbarsone.

### Chloroform

Substances containing less than ten per cent. of chloroform.

### Creosote obtained from wood

Substances containing less than fifty per cent. of creosote obtained from wood.
Poison

Diamines, as follows:
their salts:-phenylene diamines; tolylene diamines;
other alkylatedbenzene diamines

Substances other than preparations for the dyeing of hair.

Dinitroresols (DNOC);
their compounds with a metal or a base

Substances being neither preparations for the treatment of human ailments nor preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Dinitrophenols

Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments.

Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base

Substances not being preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Dinoseb; its compounds with a metal or a base

Substances not being preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Diperodon; its salts

Preparations intended for external application only, containing not more than one per cent. of diperodon, calculated as anhydrous base.

Disulfiram

Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments.

Formaldehyde

Substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of formaldehyde (H.CHO); photographic glazing or hardening solutions.

Formic acid

Substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of formic acid (H.COOH).

Hydrochloric acid

Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of hydrochloric acid (HCl).

Hydrocyanic acid

Syrup of wild cherry B.P.C.

Lead acetate

Substances containing less than four per cent. of lead acetate.

Lead, compounds of

Machine-spread plasters.

Mercuric chloride

Batteries.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poison</th>
<th>Substance or article in which exempted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury</td>
<td>Dressings on seeds or bulbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercury, nitrates of</td>
<td>Ointments containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitric acid</td>
<td>Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of nitric acid (HNO₃).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrobenzene</td>
<td>Substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of nitrobenzene; soaps containing less than one per cent of nitrobenzene; polishes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p-Nitrobenzyl cyanide</td>
<td>Photographic solutions containing less than the equivalent of 0.1 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p-Nitrophenol</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture containing not more than 0.5 per cent. of p-nitrophenol as preservative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organo-tin compounds as follows: compounds of fentin</td>
<td>Substances other than preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxalic acid; metallic oxalates</td>
<td>Laundry blue; polishes; cleaning powders containing the equivalent of not more than ten per cent. of oxalic acid dihydrate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxycinchoninic acid, derivatives of; their salts; their esters</td>
<td>Preparations for external application only, containing not more than the equivalent of three per cent. of oxycinchoninic acid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Phenols                                                              | Carvacrol; creosote obtained from coal tar; essential oils in which phenols occur naturally; medicines containing less than one per cent. of phenols; nasal sprays, mouth washes, pastilles, lozenges, capsules,
Poison

Substance or article in which exempted

- pessaries, ointments or suppositories containing less than 2.5 per cent. of phenols;
- smelling bottles;
- soaps for washing;
- solid substances, other than pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments and suppositories, containing less than sixty per cent. of phenols;
- tar (coal or wood), crude or refined;
- p-tertiary amyl phenol;
- tertiary butyl-cresol;
- p-tertiary butyl phenol;
- p-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl) phenol; thymol.

Phenyl mercuric salts

Toilet, cosmetic and therapeutic preparations containing not more than 0.01 per cent. of phenyl mercuric salts as a preservative; antiseptic dressings on toothbrushes; in textiles containing not more than 0.01 per cent. of phenyl mercuric salts as a bacteriostat and fungicide.

Phosphoric acid

Substances containing phosphoric acid, not being descaling preparations containing more than 50%, weight in weight, of ortho-phosphoric acid.

Phosphorus compounds,
as follows:

Amiton, azinphos-ethyl, azinphos-methyl, demeton-O demeton-S

Substances other than preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Dichlorvos

Substances other than preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture, not being preparations in:-

(a) impregnated materials containing not more than 20%, weight in weight, of dichlorvos in a resinous or plastic base, or
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poison</th>
<th>Substance or article in which exempted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate, diethyl-p-nitrophenyl phosphate, dimefox, disulfoton, ethion, ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate, mazidox, mecarbam, mevinphos, mipaflox</td>
<td>(b) aerosols containing not more than 0.4%, weight in weight, of dischlorvos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxydemeton-methyl</td>
<td>Substances other than preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parathion, phenkapton, phorate, phosphamidon, schradan, sulfotep, TEPP (HETP), thionazin, triphosphoric pentadimethylamide, vamidothion</td>
<td>Substances other than preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picric acid</td>
<td>Substances containing less than five per cent. of picric acid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>Substances containing less than twelve per cent. of potassium hydroxide; accumulators; batteries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procaine</td>
<td>Feeding stuffs containing any antibiotics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate</td>
<td>Therapeutic substances containing less than 0.1 per cent of sodium ethyl mercurithiosalicylate as a preservative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium fluoride</td>
<td>Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium fluoride as a preservative; dentifrices containing not more than 0.3 per cent. of sodium fluoride; mouth wash tablets containing not more than 0.2 per cent. of sodium fluoride.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison</td>
<td>Substance or article in which exempted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide</td>
<td>Substances containing less than twelve per cent. of sodium hydroxide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium nitrite</td>
<td>Substances other than preparations containing more than 0.1 per cent of sodium nitrite for the destruction of rats or mice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium silicofluoride</td>
<td>Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium silicofluoride as a preservative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulphuric acid</td>
<td>Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of sulphuric acid (H₂SO₄); accumulators; batteries and sealed containers in which sulphuric acid is packed together with car batteries for use in those batteries; fire extinguishers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FOURTH SCHEDULE
(Regulations 5(3) and 10).

Substances required to be sold by retail only upon a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, dentist or veterinary surgeon.

PART A.

Allylisopropylacetylurea.
Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance.
Busulphan; its salts.
Demecarium bromide.
Dinitroresols (DNOC); their compounds with a metal or a base, except preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.
Dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinortrothymols.
Disulfiram.
Dithienylallylamines; dithienylalkylallylamines; their salts; except diethylthiambutene, dimethylthiambutene and ethyl-methylthiambutene.
Gallamine; its salts; its quaternary compounds.
Mannomustine; its salts.
Mustine and any other N-substituted derivatives of di-(2-chloroethyl)amine; their salts.
Phenacemide.
Phencyclydine; its salts.
Phenylcininic acid; salicylcinchoninic acid; their salts; their esters.
Polymethylenebistrimethylammonium salts.
Tretamine; its salts.
Triaziquone.

PART B

Acetanilide; alkyl acetanilides.
Acetohexamide.
Acetylcarbromal.
Amidopyrine; its salts; amidopyrine sulphonates; their salts.
p-Aminobenzenesulphonamide; its salts; derivatives of p-aminobenzenesulphonamide having any of the hydrogen atoms of the p-amino group or of the sulphonamide group substituted by another radical; their salts; except when contained in ointments or surgical dressings or in preparations for the prevention and treatment of diseases in poultry.
\(\beta\)-Aminopropylbenzene and \(\beta\)-aminoisopropylbenzene and any compound structurally derived from either of those substances by substitution in the side chain or by ring closure therein (or by both such substitution and such closure), except ephedrine, N-methylephedrine, N-diethylaminoethylephedrine, phenylpropanolamine and prenylamine; any salt of any substance falling within this item.

Amitriptyline; its salts.

Androgenic, oestrogenic and progestational substances, as follows:-

- Benzoestrol.
  - Derivatives of stilbene, dibenzyl or naphthalene with oestrogenic activity; their esters.
  - Steroid compounds with androgenic or oestrogenic or progestational activity; their esters.

Azacyclonol; its salts.

Benactyzine; its salts.

Benzhexol; its salts.

Benztropine and its homologues; their salts.

Bromvaletone.

Captodiame; its salts.

Caramiphen; its salts; except tablets containing not more than the equivalent of 7.5 milligrammes of caramiphen base, and liquid preparations containing not more than the equivalent of 0.1 per cent. of caramiphen base.

Carbromal.

Carisoprodol.

Chloral; its addition and its condensation products; their molecular compounds; except when contained, in the form of chloral hydrate, in preparations intended for external application only.

Chlordiazepoxide; its salts.

Chlormethiazole; its salts.

Chlorothiazide and other derivatives of benzo-1, 2, 4-thiadiazine-7-sulphonamide 1, 1-dioxide, whether hydrogenated or not.

Chlorphenoxamine.

Chlorphentermine; its salts.

Chlorpropamide; its salts.

Chlorprothixene and other derivatives of 9-methylene thiaxanten; their salts.

Chlorthalidone.

Clorexolone.

Cyclarbamate.

Cycrimine; its salts.

Desipramine; its salts.
Desipramine; its salts.
Diazepam and other compounds containing the chemical structure of dihydro-1, 4-benzodiazepine substituted to any degree; their salts.
Diphenoxylate and its salts contained in (a) pharmaceutical preparations in solid or liquid form containing not more than 2.5 milligrammes of diphenoxylate calculated as base and not less than 25 microgrammes of atropine calculated as atropine sulphate per dosage unit and containing no other substance to which any Part of the Narcotic Drugs Ordinance applies or (b) liquid preparations containing 0.5 milligrammes diphenoxylate hydrochloride, 0.005 milligrammes atropine sulphate, 0.16 millilitres ethyl alcohol, 0.002 millilitres imitation cherry flavour, 0.45 millilitres glycerine, 0.4 millilitres sorbitol solution (70 per cent.) 0.01 milligrammes red dye colour index No. 14700 (F.D. 4C. Red No.4), 0.0008 millilitres water.
Ectylurea.
Emlycamate.
Ergot, alkaloids of, whether hydrogenated or not; their homologues any salt of any substance falling within this item.
Ethchlorvynol.
Ethinamate.
Ethionimide.
Ethoheptazine; its salts.
Fenfluramide; its salts.
Glutethimide; its salts.
Haloperidol and other 4-substituted derivatives of N-(3-p-fluoro-benzoylpropyl) piperidine.
Hexapropymate.
Hydrazines, benzyl phenethyl or phenoxyethyl; their α-methyl derivatives; acyl derivatives of any of the foregoing substances comprised in this item; salts of any compounds comprised in this item.
Hydroxy-N, N-dimethyltryptamines; their esters or ethers; any salt of any substance falling within this item.
Hydroxyzine; its salts.
Imipramine; its salts.
Mephenesin; its esters.
Meprobamate.
Metaxalone.
Metformin; its salts.
Methaqualone; its salts.
Methixene; its salts.
Methocarbamol.
Methoxsalen.
Methylpentynol; its esters and other derivatives.
Methyprylon.
Nortryptiline; its salts.
Orphenadrine; its salts.
Oxethazaine.
Oxphenbutazone.
Paramethadione.
Pargyline; its salts.
Pemoline; its salts.
Phenaglycodol.
Phenbutazate.
Phenetidylphenacetin.
Phenformin; its salts.
Phenothiazine, derivatives of; their salts; except dimethoxanate, its salts and promethazine, its salts and molecular compounds.
Phenylbutazone; its salts.
5-Phenyldydantoin; its alkyl and aryl derivatives; their salts.
Pituitary gland, the active principles of; except when contained in preparations intended for external application only or, except in the case of lysinevasopressin or oxytocin, in inhalants.
Procyclidine; its salts.
Promoxolan.
Propylhexedrine; its salts; except when contained in inhalers.
Prothipendyl; its salts.
Quinethazone.
Rauwolfia, alkaloids of; their salts; derivatives of the alkaloids of rauwolfia; their salts.
Styramate.
Sulphinpyrazone.
Sulphonal; alkyl sulphonals.
Suprarenal gland medulla, the active principles of; their salts; except when contained in preparations intended for external application only or in inhalants, rectal preparations or preparations intended for use in the eye.
Syrosingopine.
Tetrabenazine; its salts.
Thalidomide; its salts.
Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts.
Tolbutamide.
Tribromethyl alcohol.
2, 2, 2-Trichloroethyl alcohol, esters of; their salts.
Trimipramine; its salts.
Troxidone.
Zoxazolamine; its salts.

/FIFTH SCHEDULE
### Poison Form to which sale is restricted

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poison</th>
<th>Form to which sale is restricted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arsenical substances-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsenious oxide</td>
<td>Sheep dips, sheep washes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsenic sulphides</td>
<td>Sheep dips, sheep washes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium arsenates</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium arsenites</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper acetoarsenite</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper arsenates</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper arsenites</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead arsenates</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium arsenates</td>
<td>Sheep dips, sheep washes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium thioarsenates</td>
<td>Sheep dips, sheep washes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barium carbonate</td>
<td>Preparations for the destruction of rats or mice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dinitrocresols (DNOC); their</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>compounds with a metal or</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a base</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dinosam; its compounds with</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a metal or a base</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dinoseb; its compounds with</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a metal or a base</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endosulfan</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endothal; its salts</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endrin</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercurial substances-Mercuric</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chloride</td>
<td>insecticides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison</td>
<td>Form to which sale is restricted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercuric iodide</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organic compounds of mercury</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings, solutions containing not more than five per cent., weight in volume, of phenyl mercuric acetate for use in swimming baths.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metallic oxalates other than potassium quadroxalate</td>
<td>Photographic solutions or materials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrobenzene</td>
<td>Agricultural and horticultural insecticides; substances for the treatment of bee disease; ointments for the treatment of animals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organotin compounds as follows:-</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>compounds of fentin</td>
<td>Preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phosphorus compounds, as follows:-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amiton</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azinphos-ethyl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azinphos-methyl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demeton-0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demeton-S</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dichlorvos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimefox</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disulfoton</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mazidox</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mecarbam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mevinphos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mipafox</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxydemeton-methyl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parathion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenkapton</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Poison

Form to which sale is restricted.

Phorate.
Phosphamidon.
Schradan.
Sulfotep.
TEPP (HETP).
Thionazin.
Triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.
Vamidothion.

Zinc phosphide ... ... Preparations for the destruction of rats or mice.

Part B.

Poisons which may be sold by licensed sellers of Part II poisons only to persons engaged in the trade or business of agriculture or horticulture and for the purpose of that trade or business.

Arsenical poisons other than lead arsenates, calcium arsenates and copper acetoarsenite.

Dinitrocresols (DNOC); their compounds with a metal or a base; except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols.

Dinosam; its compounds with a metal or a base.

Dinoseb; its compounds with a metal or a base.

Mercuric chlorides; mercuric iodides; organic compounds of mercury, except solutions containing not more than five per cent., weight in volume, of phenyl mercuric acetate for use in swimming baths.

Organo-tin compounds,
as follows:-
compounds of fentin.

Phosphorus compounds, as follows:-
Amiton.
Azinphos-ethyl.
Azinphos-methyl.
Demeton-O.
Demeton-S.
Dichlorvos.
Diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate.
Diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate.
Dimefox.
Disulfoton.
Ethion.
Ethyl p-nitrophanyl phenylphosphonothionate.
Mazidox.
Mecarbam.
Mevinphos.
Napafox, except in the form of a cap on a stick or wire.
Oxydemeton-methyl.
Parathion.
Phenkapton.
Phorate.
Phosphamidon.
Schradan.
Sulfotep.
Thionazin.
Triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.
Vamidothion.

/SIXTH SCHEDULE
SIXTH SCHEDULE.
(Regulations 16(3) and 17(2)).

Statement of particulars permitted in certain cases as to proportion of poison.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Poison</th>
<th>Particulars</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alkaloids</td>
<td>The proportion of any one alkaloid of aconite that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that all the alkaloids of aconite in the preparation were that alkaloid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aconite, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belladonna, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calabar bean, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coca, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colchicum, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ephedra, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ergot, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gelsemium, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jaborandi, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lobelia, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pomegranata, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quebracho, alkaloids of</td>
<td>other than the alkaloids of red quebracho.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sabadilla, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solanaceous alkaloids not otherwise included in the Poisons List.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stavesacre, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veratrum, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yohimba, alkaloids of</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antimonial poisons</td>
<td>The proportion of antimony trioxide (Sb2O3) or antimony pentoxide (Sb2O5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the antimony (Sb) in the poison had been wholly converted into antimony trioxide or antimony pentoxide as the case may be.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsenical poisons</td>
<td>The proportion of arsenic trioxide (As2O3) or arsenic pentoxide (As2O5) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assump-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Poison</td>
<td>Particulars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barium, salts of</td>
<td>The proportion of one particular barium salt which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the barium (Ba) in the poison had been wholly converted into that salt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digitalis, glycosides of; other active principles of digitalis</td>
<td>The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides; double cyanides of mercury and zinc</td>
<td>The proportion of hydrocyanic acid (HCN) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the cyanides in the poison had been wholly converted into hydrocyanic acid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insulin</td>
<td>The number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead, compounds of, with acids from fixed oils</td>
<td>The proportion of lead oxide (PbO) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the lead in the poison had been wholly converted into lead oxide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercury, organic compounds of</td>
<td>The proportion of organically-combined mercury (Hg) contained in the preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nux Vomica</td>
<td>The proportion of strychnine contained in the preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opium</td>
<td>The proportion of morphine contained in the preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenols</td>
<td>The proportion of phenols (added together) contained in the preparation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Poison</td>
<td>Particulars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compounds of a phenol with a metal</td>
<td>The proportion of phenols (added together) that the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the compounds of phenols with a metal had been wholly converted into the corresponding phenols.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pituitary gland, the active principles of</td>
<td>Either-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) the number of units of activity as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia contained in a specified quantity of the preparation; or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) the proportion of pituitary gland, or of anterior or a posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) the amount of pituitary gland, or of anterior or of posterior lobe of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>The proportion of potassium monoxide (K₂O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the potassium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into potassium monoxide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide</td>
<td>The proportion of sodium monoxide (Na₂O) which the preparation would be calculated to contain on the assumption that the sodium hydroxide in the preparation had been wholly converted into sodium monoxide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Poison</td>
<td>Particulars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Strophanthus, glycosides of Suprarenal gland      | The amount of Standard Tincture of Strophanthus as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia 1948 which possesses the same activity as a specified quantity of the preparation when assayed by the method described in the said Pharmacopoeia. Either-
| medulla, the active principles of; their salts    | (a) the proportion of suprarenal gland or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, contained in the preparation; or (b) the amount of suprarenal gland or of the medulla of the gland, as the case may be, from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland substance. |
| Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts | Either-
|                                                   | (a) The proportion of thyroid gland contained in the preparation; or (b) the amount of thyroid gland from which a specified quantity of the preparation was obtained, together with an indication whether the amount relates to fresh or to dried gland. |
SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

(Regulation 18(1)).

Indication of character of article prescribed for the purposes of section 18(a) of the Ordinance.

1. To be labelled with the words “Caution. It is dangerous to take this preparation except under medical supervision.”:-

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments and containing insulin.

2. To be labelled with the words “Caution. It is dangerous to exceed the stated dose.”:-

Medicines (other than medicines containing insulin and medicines mentioned in paragraph 9 of this Schedule, made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments except in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule.

3. To be labelled with the words “Poison. For animal treatment only.”:-

Medicines made up ready for the treatment of animals.

4. To be labelled with the words “Caution. This preparation may cause serious inflammation of the skin in certain persons and should be used only in accordance with expert advice.”:-

Preparations for the dyeing of hair containing phenylene diamines, tolylene diamines or other alkylated-benzene diamines or their salts.

5. To be labelled with the words “Caution. This substance is caustic.”:-

Potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, and articles containing either of those substances.

6. To be labelled with the words “Caution. This substance is poisonous. The inhalation of its vapour, mist, spray, or dust may have harmful consequences. It may also be dangerous to let it come into contact with the skin or clothing.”:-

Dinitrocreosols (DNOC); their compounds with a metal or a base; except preparations for the treatment of human ailments and except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocreosols.

Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base.

Dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base.

Endothal; its salts.

Endrin.
Endosulfan.
Fluroacetamide; fluoroacetanilide.
Organic compounds of mercury in aerosols.
Organo-tin compounds as follows:-
compounds of fentin.

Phosphorus compounds, as follows:-
Amiton.
Azinphos-ethyl.
Azinphos-methyl.
Demeton-O.
Demeton-S.
Dichlorvos.
Diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate.
Diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate.
Dimefox.
Disulfoton.
Ethion.
Ethyl-p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate.
Mazidox.
Macarbam.
Mevinphos.
Mipafox.
Oxydemeton-methyl.
Parathion.
Phenkapton.
Phorate.
Phosphamidon.
Schradan.
Sulfotep.
TEPP (HETP).
Thionazin.
Triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.
Vamidothion.

7. To be labelled with the words “Caution. This preparation should be administered only under medical supervision. The vapour is dangerous”:­

   Medicine made up ready for the internal or external treatment of human ailments and containing dyflos.
8. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This substance is poisonous. Inhalation of the powder is dangerous. It is also dangerous to let the substance come into contact with the skin or clothing."

Monofluoroacetic acid; its salts.

9. To be labelled with the words "Caution. This may cause drowsiness; if affected, do not drive or operate machinery."

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments if the poison is one of the following:

Anti-histamine substances, as follows: their salts; their molecular compounds:
- Antazoline.
- Bromodiphenhydramine.
- Buclizine.
- Carbinoxamine.
- Chlorcyclizine.
- Chlorpheniramine.
- Cinnarizine.
- Chemizole.
- Cyclizine.
- Cyproheptadine.
- 3-Di-n-butylaminomethyl-4, 5, 6-trihydroxphthalide.
- Diphenhydramine.
- Diphenylpyraline.
- Doxylamine.
- Isothipendyl.
- Mebhydrolin.
- Meclozine.
- Phenindamine.
- Pheniramine.
- Phenyltolaxamine.
- Promethazine.
- Pyrrobutamine.
- Thenalidine.
- Tolpropamine.
- Triprolidine.

Substances being tetra-substituted N derivatives of ethylenediamine or propylenediamine.
EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

(Regulation 24).

Poisons required to be specifically labelled for transport.

Arsenical poisons.

Barium, salts of.

Dinitrocresols (DNOC), their compounds with a metal or a base when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture, except winter washes containing not more than the equivalent of five per cent. of dinitrocresols.

Dinosam, its compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Dinoseb, its compounds with a metal or a base, when contained in preparations for use in agriculture or horticulture.

Endosulfan.

Endothal; its salts.

Endrin.

Fluroacetamide; fluoroacetanilide.

Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides.

Monofluoroacetic acid; its salts.

Nicotine, except in solid preparations containing less than four per cent. of nicotine.

Organotin compounds
as follows:-

compounds of fentin.

Phosphorus compounds, as follows:-

Amiton.

Azinphos-ethyl.

Azinphos-methyl.

Demeton-O.

Demeton-S.

Demeton-O-methyl.

Demeton-S-methyl.

Dichlorvos.

Diethyl 4-methyl-7-coumarinyl phosphorothionate.
Diethyl p-nitrophenyl phosphate.
Dimefox.
Disulfoton.
Ethion.
Ethyl p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothionate.
Mazidox.
Mecarbam.
Mevinphos.
Mipaflox.
Oxydemeton-methyl.
Parathion.
Phenkapton.
Phorate.
Phosphamidon.
Schradam.
Sulfotep.
TEPP (HETP).
Triphosphoric pentadimethylamide.
Vamidothion.
Strychnine.
Thallium, salts of.
NINTH SCHEDULE.
(Regulation 29 (1)).

Certificate for the purchase of a poison.

For the purposes of section 16 (1) (i) of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance I hereby certify that (a) ...........................................................
.................................................................................................. of (b) ........................................
is a person to whom (c) .............................................................. may be properly supplied.

I further certify that (d) ............................................................ is the signature of the said (a) ..............................................................

.................................................................................................

Authorised person.

(a) Insert full name of intending purchaser
(b) Insert full postal address
(c) Insert name of poison
(d) Intending purchaser to sign his name here.
TENTH SCHEDULE.
(Regulation 14 (1)).

Authority for the purchase of strychnine for killing moles and seals.

For the purposes of Regulation 14 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Regulations, 1968, I hereby authorise

(a) ............................................................
to purchase within three months from the date hereof

(b) ............................................................ of strychnine
for the purpose of killing moles/seals.*

............................................................ Signature.

Date:
Delete where necessary.*

(a) Insert full name of intending purchaser.

(b) Insert amount authorised to be purchased.
ELEVENTH SCHEDULE.
(Regulation 14 (2)).

Authority for purchasing monofluoroacetic acid, a salt thereof, fluoroacetamide or fluoroacetanilide as a rodenticide or for pest control.

For the purposes of Regulation 14 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Regulations, 1968, I hereby authorise

(a) .......................................................... to purchase within three months from the date hereof of

(b) .......................................................... of which is required for use as a rodenticide/for pest control* in

d) .......................................................... situated at

Date:..................................................
Signature

(a) Insert the name of person, or, as the case may be, of authority or body of persons.

(b) Insert quantity authorised.

(c) Insert “monofluoroacetic acid” or the salt thereof, or fluoroacetamide or fluoroacetanilide as the case may require.

(d) State “ships” or “sewers” as the case may require.

(e) State the situation of the ships or sewers as the case may require.

TWELFTH SCHEDULE.
(Regulation 6)

Substances in which poison is exempted by Regulation 6 from section 16 (1).

Poison Substances in which exempted
Nicotine Agricultural and horticultural insecticides consisting of nicotine dusts containing not more than four per cent of nicotine.
THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE
(Regulation 13).

Poisons required to be coloured in certain cases.

Arsenical poisons
Fluoroacetamide; fluoroacetanilide
Monofluoroacetic acid; its salts
Organo-tin compounds,
as follows:-
   compounds of fentin.
Phosphorus compounds, as follows:-
   Azinphos-ethyl
   Azinphos-methyl
   Dichlorvos
   Ethion
   Mecarbam
   Mevinphos
   Oxydemeton-methyl
   Phenkapton
   Phosphamidon
   Thionazin
   Vamidothion

Made at Episkopi this 13th day of February, 1968.

By the Administrator’s Command,
J. ROBERTS,
Chief Officer,
(SBA/205/2/1)
Sovereign Base Areas.

Printed by the Sovereign Base Areas Administration Printing Press.