NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES (CONSOLIDATION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE 2010

An Ordinance to amend the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Consolidation) Ordinance 2006

J. H. GORDON
ADMINISTRATOR
29th June 2010.

BE it enacted by the Administrator of the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia as follows:—

1. Short title
This Ordinance may be cited as the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Consolidation) (Amendment) Ordinance 2010.

2. Section 13 (Supplying any objects for taking narcotics prohibited) amended
Section 13 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Consolidation) Ordinance 2006(a) is amended as follows—

(a) in subsection (1), by inserting “Subject to subsection (3A),” at the beginning;
(b) by inserting the following new subsection after subsection (3)—

“(3A) A medical practitioner, pharmacist or a person appointed by the Administrator or by the Republic under the Republican Law may provide an object to another person for the purpose of taking a controlled drug as part of a course of treatment of that other person for addiction to controlled substances.”

3. Commencement
This Ordinance comes into force on the day it is published in the Gazette.

Notes
(a) Ordinance 16/06.
EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note does not form part of the Ordinance)

1. This explanatory note relates to the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Consolidation) (Amendment) Ordinance 2010 (the “Ordinance”). It has been prepared by the Office of the Attorney General and Legal Adviser in order to assist the reader of the Ordinance. It does not form part of the Ordinance.

2. The Ordinance replicates the effect of the Republican Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Amendment) Law of 2010 (Law 24(I)/2010). The Ordinance amends the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Consolidation) Ordinance 2006 so as to permit a medical practitioner, pharmacist or a person appointed by the Administrator or by the Republic to provide objects (such as syringes) to a person as part of a course of treatment for drug addiction. In such cases, the medical practitioner, pharmacist or appointed person does not commit an offence in providing the objects to the addicted person.