This is a consolidated version of this legislation i.e. it incorporates all amendments made since the legislation was enacted as set out in the table below. It has been produced by the SBAA as an aid to transparency and easier access to SBA law. However, it is not the official version of SBA legislation and, although every effort has been made to check the document, its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The official version of legislation is published in the SBA Gazette.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legislation incorporated in this Consolidation</th>
<th>Ordinance</th>
<th>Date in Force</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Protection of Public Health (Covid-19) (No.2) Ordinance 2021</td>
<td>32/2021</td>
<td>04/11/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of Public Health (Covid-19) (No.2) (Amendment) Ordinance 2021</td>
<td>34/2021</td>
<td>04/12/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section 28A comes into force on 06 December 2021</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of Public Health (Covid-19) (No.2) (Amendment No.2) Ordinance 2021</td>
<td>35/2021</td>
<td>15/12/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of Public Health (Covid-19) (No.2) (Amendment No.3) Ordinance 2021</td>
<td>36/2021</td>
<td>18/12/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of Public Health (Covid-19) (No.2) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022</td>
<td>01/2022</td>
<td>08/01/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of Public Health (Covid-19) (No.2) (Amendment No.2) Ordinance 2022</td>
<td>02/2022</td>
<td>14/01/2022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An Ordinance to make provision for the protection of public health in connection with COVID-19 and for connected purposes

CONTENTS

PART 1

Preliminary
1. Short title and commencement
2. Interpretation
3. Application

PART 2

General provisions
4. Relevant health and safety guidelines
5. Masks
6. Safepasses
7. Safepasses in the workplace
8. Leave entitlement to receive a COVID-19 vaccination
9. Price caps

PART 3

Events and gatherings
10. Mass events and gatherings
11. Places of residence
12. Religious worship
13. Weddings, funerals and christenings
14. Conferences and trade fairs
15. Folk festivals

15A. School Festive Events

PART 4
Businesses, undertakings and premises

16. Number of persons permitted to enter public service or retail premises
17. Signage
18. Catering Establishments
19. Nightclubs, reception halls, discos, music and dance venues etc
20. Cinemas, theatres, etc
21. Sports facilities
22. Open air markets
23. Residential and support facilities
24. Businesses requiring a Safepass Plus
25. Rent relief for businesses affected by prohibitions of their activities
26. Infected premises
27. Visiting hospitals etc
28. Relevant undertakings

28A. Number of persons permitted to work at a private business
28B. Casinos

PART 5
Public services

29. Immigration centres
30. Courts
31. Prisons

31A. Remote working for community councils and municipality councils
32. Community councils and municipality councils.

PART 6
Transport

33. Requirements when travelling in a motor vehicle
34. Relevant health and safety guidelines for operating a ferry etc.

PART 7
Health professionals

35. Power to give instructions to doctors, surgeons and nurses

PART 8
Enforcement

36. Offences and penalties
37. Interim ex parte orders
38. Detained persons

PART 9
Final provisions

39. Repeals

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SCHEDULE – Price Caps

BE it enacted by the Administrator of the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia as follows:—
PART 1
Preliminary

Short title and commencement

1.—(1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (No.2) Ordinance 2021.
(2) This Ordinance comes into force on 4 November 2021.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In this Ordinance—
“boostered person” means a person who has evidence that they have received—
(a) a full course of vaccination against COVID-19, and
(b) at least one additional dose of vaccination against COVID-19; (a)
“catering premises” means—
(c) restaurants,
(d) tavernas,
(e) cafeterias,
(f) bars,
(g) snack bars,
(h) coffee shops,
(i) canteens within sports clubs, cultural clubs, associations and societies,
(j) dining premises within hotels and other tourist accommodation, and
(k) military catering facilities;
“dependent” has the meaning given to it in Part I of Annex B to the Treaty of Establishment;
“disability” has the same meaning as in the Disabled Person Ordinance 2016(b);
“full course of vaccination” means either—
(a) one dose of a single-dose vaccine or both doses of a two-dose vaccine against COVID-19, where less than 7 months have elapsed since the date that the most recent dose was administered, or
(b) an additional dose of vaccination against COVID-19 where more than 7 months have elapsed since the previous dose was administered.”.
“place of residence” includes any place or premises which comprises the private residence of an individual and to which the public does not have access;
“relevant health and safety guidelines” means any guidelines, as amended from time to time—
(a) referred to in a provision of the legislation of the Republic corresponding to a provision of this Ordinance where the phrase “relevant health and safety guidelines” is used, and
(b) the purpose of which is to prevent or protect against the incidence or spread of COVID-19;
“reseller” means, in relation to a product, a person who sells the products without the permission of the manufacturer;

[…] (a)

(a) Definition inserted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(b) Ordinance 17/2016
“Safepass” means—

(a) where the person is aged between 6 and 11 evidence that the holder has either—

(i) tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the period of seven days immediately before the date and time on which the Safepass is shown, […]

(ii) had COVID-19 within the six months immediately before the date on which the Safepass is shown, or

(iii) completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19.

(b) where the person is aged between 12 and 17 evidence that the holder has either—

(i) completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19,

(ii) tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the period of 72 hours immediately before the date and time on which the Safepass is shown, or

(iii) had COVID-19 within the six months immediately before the date on which the Safepass is shown,

(a) where the person is aged 18 and over evidence that the holder has either—

(i) completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19,

(ii) tested negative for COVID-19 by either—

(aa) a PCR within the period of 72 hours immediately before the date and time on which the Safepass is shown, or

(bb) a rapid flow test within the period of 48 hours immediately before the date and time on which the Safepass is shown,

(iii) had COVID-19 within the six months immediately before the date on which the Safepass is shown;

[…](c) “Safepass Plus” means—

(a) where the person is aged between 6 and 11 evidence that the holder has either—

(i) tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the period of seven days immediately before the date and time on which the Safepass Plus is shown, or

(ii) had COVID-19 within the six months immediately before the date on which the Safepass Plus is shown,

(b) where the person is aged between 12 and 17 evidence that the holder […] (d)—

(i) has (e) completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19,

(ii) tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the period of 72 hours immediately before the date and time on which the Safepass is shown, or

(iii) had COVID-19 within the six months immediately before the date on which the Safepass is shown, or

(iv) has—

(aa) a medical condition that means they cannot receive a course of vaccination against COVID-19, as evidenced by a medical certificate issued by the Ministry of Health of the Republic, or an equivalent authority in any other country; and

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(a) Definition repealed and replaced by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(b) Subsection (iii) inserted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(c) Definition repealed and replaced by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(d) Deleted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(e) Text inserted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test)
within the period of 7 days immediately before the date and time on
which the Safepass Plus is shown, (a)

(c) where the person is aged 18 and over evidence that the holder—
(i) has completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19, or
(ii) has—

(aa) a medical condition that means that they cannot receive a course of
vaccination against COVID-19, and

(bb) tested negative for COVID-19 either by—

a. a PCR test within the period of 72 hours immediately before the
date and time on which the Safepass Plus is shown, or

b. by rapid flow test within the period of 48 hours immediately
before the date and time on which the Safepass Plus is shown;

“United Kingdom personnel” has the meaning given to it in Part I of Annex B to the Treaty of
Establishment.

(2) Relevant health and safety guidelines apply in the Areas as if—

(a) the Areas formed part of the Republic, and

(b) those parts of the Areas which, before 16 August 1960, lay within—

(i) the district of Limassol now lay within the district of Limassol of the Republic,
(ii) the district of Larnaca now lay within the district of Larnaca of the Republic, and
(iii) the district of Famagusta now lay within the district of Famagusta of the Republic.

(3) Subsection (4) applies within an area of land—

(a) owned or occupied by the Crown in right of Her Majesty’s Government of the United
Kingdom, and

(b) to which the public does not have access,

(4) In the application of this Ordinance in an area of land to which this subsection applies, a
reference to the public applies as if the class consisting of the persons having access to any part of
the area of land in question were the public.

(5) Where a provision of this Ordinance requires the wearing or use of a mask by a person, it
requires the mask to cover the person’s nose and mouth.

(6) Where relevant health and safety guidelines confer functions on any person, those functions
are deemed to be conferred on the Chief Officer, and are general delegated functions for the
purposes of the Delegation of Functions to the Republic Ordinance 2007(b).

(7) Where a provision of this Ordinance requires a person (“P”) to present evidence of
vaccination status, COVID-19 test results, COVID-19 recovery, or a medical condition which
prevents vaccination against COVID-19, P must also present an identification document which
demonstrates that the evidence provided relates to P.

Application

3.—(1) No requirement of this Ordinance applies where that requirement would make it
impossible to achieve, to a satisfactory standard, any of the purposes specified in subsection (2).

(2) The purposes specified in this subsection are—

(a) military activities, or

(a) Subsection (iv) inserted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(b) Ordinance 17/2007, amended by Ordinance 8/2012.
(c) Subsection (6) inserted by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(d) Subsection (7) inserted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(b) the prevention or detection of crime, or the apprehension or prosecution of offenders, by the Sovereign Base Areas Police Service or the Sovereign Base Areas Customs and Immigration Service.

(3) Except for section 36 this Ordinance binds the Crown.

PART 2
General provisions

Relevant health and safety guidelines

4. Unless this Ordinance makes contrary provision, a person operating or in charge of any undertaking or operation must ensure that relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with.

Masks

5.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), except as provided by relevant health and safety guidelines, where two or more people are in the presence of each other, all the persons aged 12 years old or more must wear a mask.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply, within the premises of a school to which this subsection applies, to—

(a) a member of the workforce of that school who, in the course of their duty, is providing education services to pupils of that school, or
(b) a pupil of a primary school, kindergarten, nursery or preschool.

(3) Subsection (2) applies to private and state schools of primary education or secondary private and state kindergartens, nursery and preschools, special schools and special units of state schools.

Safepasses

6.—(1) Subject to […] subsection (3) and (7) a person in charge of a relevant premises, other than a military catering facility, must ensure that—

(a) relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with, and
(b) all people permitted into those premises are either—

(i) in possession of a Safepass, or
(ii) less than […] 6 years old.

(2) For the purposes of this section “relevant premises” are any indoor or outdoor premises, other than parks, beaches, squares, dams, picnic sites and nature trails, where social distancing measures allow more than 10 persons to be present simultaneously.

 […] (g)

(3) Subject to subsection (4) where the relevant premises is a school on land occupied by the Crown in right of its Government of the United Kingdom it is the responsibility of the parent or guardian of a child to ensure that when attending school that child is in possession of a Safepass.

(a) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(b) Subsection 2(b) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(c) Amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(d) Text inserted by Ordinance 36/2021 – came into force on 18 December 2021
(e) Text inserted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(f) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(g) Subsections 3 & 4 repealed by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(4) Where a child has a medical condition that means that they cannot obtain a Safepass the Chief Officer may grant permission for the child to attend school on land occupied by the Crown in right of its Government of the United Kingdom.

(5) The permission referred to in subsection (4) may be delegated by the Chief Officer.

(6) In this section “child”, “guardian” and “parent” have the same meaning as in the Children Ordinance (a). (b)

(7) Except for where subsection (3) or section 7 (safepasses in the workplace) apply, no provision of this Ordinance requires a child to be in possession of a Safepass in any premises which are—

(a) on land occupied by the Crown in right of its Government of the United Kingdom, and

(b) in an area to which the general public does not have access. (c)

Safepasses in the workplace

7.—(1) […] (d)

7.—(1) Subject to subsection (3) for any employee or self-employed person to be in a workplace they must—

(a) be a boostered person,

(b) have tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the period of seven days immediately before being in the workplace and either—

(i) have completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19, or

(ii) have evidence that they have had COVID-19 within the six months immediately before the date on which they attend the workplace, or

(c) have tested negative for COVID-19 by either—

(i) a PCR test within the period of 72 hours immediately before the date that they are in the workplace, or

(ii) a rapid flow test within the period of 48 hours immediately before the date that they are in the workplace.

(2) […] (e)

(2) A person in charge of a workplace must ensure that all persons working in that workplace comply with subsection (1).

(3) […] (f)

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to United Kingdom personnel and dependents, in the course of their duties—

(a) as members of the land, sea and air armed services of the United Kingdom, or

(b) on behalf of a United Kingdom authority or authorised service organisation, both phrases having the same meaning as in in Part I of Annex B to the Treaty of Establishment.

(4) The Chief Officer may—

(a) order all workers at a workplace to undergo a test for COVID-19,

(b) specify the type of test to be undergone, and

(a) Cap 352
(b) Subsections (3) to (6) inserted by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(c) Subsection (7) inserted by Ordinance 36/2021 – came into force on 18 December 2021
(d) Subsection 7(1) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(e) Subsection 7(2) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(f) Subsection 7(3) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(c) specify the time limit for undergoing the test. (a)

Leave entitlement to receive a COVID-19 vaccination

8.—(1) Subject to subsections (2), (3) and (4), in addition to any other leave entitlement, an employee is entitled to take one day of paid leave—
   (a) on a day where the employee escorts a child of theirs under the age of 18 or a person under their care and supervision as a guardian within the meaning of the Children Ordinance(b) to receive a dose of COVID-19 vaccination, and
   (b) on a day where the employee receives a dose of COVID-19 vaccination.

(2) The entitlement referred to in subsection (1) is conditional upon the employee providing the employer with proof, if requested by the employer within a reasonable period of time after the leave was taken, that the vaccination to which the entitlement relates was administered.

(3) This section does not apply to the Crown in relation to its employment of—
   (a) members of Her Majesty’s Armed Forces, and
   (b) the civilian personnel accompanying those armed forces.

(4) This section does not apply to authorised service organisations in relation to their employment of civilian personnel accompanying Her Majesty’s Armed Forces.

Price Caps

9.—(1) Subject to subsection (5), no person may sell or offer for sale any of the products listed in the Schedule at a price above the maximum price set out in that Schedule.

(2) Wholesale price caps listed in the Schedule do not apply to resellers.

(3) No person may sell or offer for sale a Coronavirus COVID-19 molecular test at a price above €50, not including VAT.

(4) No person may sell or offer for sale a rapid antigen test for Coronavirus COVID-19 at a price above €10, not including VAT.

(5) The maximum price listed for Coronavirus COVID-19 molecular test does not apply to such tests where charging a price lower or equal to the maximum price would contravene a contractual obligation—
   (a) to which the Republic is party,
   (b) which was entered into before 6am on 8 January 2021, and
   (c) which authorises or requires a person to charge a higher price.

PART 3
Events and gatherings

Mass events and gatherings

10.—(1) Subject to subsection (2) no person may organise or attend, in any place—
   (a) a parade,
   (b) a concert,
   (c) a festival, or
   (d) an assembly or procession within the meaning of the Assemblies and Processions Ordinance(a).

(a) Subsection 7(4) inserted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(b) Cap. 352.
(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to an event where either—

(a) this Ordinance makes contrary provision,
(b) the Republic have issued guidelines for the event, or
(c) the Chief Officer has granted permission for that event.

(3) The permission referred to in subsection 2(c) shall be in writing and the Chief Officer may impose any condition on the holding of the event subject to the permission.

(4) […]

(5) A person organising a festive event must ensure that the relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with.

(6) No person may organise or attend an event on the premises, or in the vicinity, of a shopping mall. (g)

Places of residence

11. […] (h)

11.—(1) Subject to subsection (2) no person may permit more than 10 people to be present at their place of residence, including that person and any other permanent residents, but excluding any person aged under 12.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply where the Chief Officer has granted a permit for […] for an event to be held at the residence, (i) in accordance with relevant health and safety guidelines.

(3) The function of the Chief Officer under subsection (2) is a general delegated function under the Delegation of Functions Ordinance 2007(j).

Religious worship

12.—(1) A person in charge of a place of religious worship must ensure that—

(a) during a religious service, in indoor areas (k) the congregation does not exceed—

(i) […] 300 (l) people, where those people either—

(aa) present a Safepass, or

(bb) are less than […] (m) 6 years old, or

(ii) […] (n)

(b) during a religious service in an outdoor area the congregation does not exceed—

(i) 350 people where those people either—

(aa) present a Safepass, or

(bb) are less than […] 6 years old, or

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(a) Cap. 32.
(b) Subsection (e) inserted by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(c) Subsection (e) repealed by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(d) Ordinance 17/2007
(e) Subsection (4) inserted by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(f) Subsection (4) repealed by Ordinance 352021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(g) Subsections (5) and (6) inserted by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(h) Subsection (1) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(i) Text deleted and new text inserted by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(j) Ordinance 17/2007
(k) Text deleted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(l) Amended by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(m) Age amended wherever it appears in section 12 by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(n) Paragraph (1)(a)(ii) repealed by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(ii) 500 people where those people either—
   (aa) present a Safepass Plus, or
   (bb) are less than [...] 6 years old.

(2) A person in charge of a place of religious worship must ensure that, outside of the times of a religious service, no more than 20 people are simultaneously present on the premises of the place of religious worship.

Weddings, funerals and christenings

13. [...] (a)

13. [...] (b)

13. A person organising a wedding, funeral or christening must ensure that—
   (a) there are no more than 200 people present, and
   (b) all people present either—
       (i) are in possession of a Safepass, or
       (ii) are less than 6 years old.

Conferences and trade fairs

14. A person organising a conference or a trade fair must ensure that—
   (a) the relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with,
   (b) the number of people simultaneously present at the conference or trade fair does not exceed 50% of the capacity of the venue, and
   (c) all people present either—
       (i) hold a Safepass, or
       (ii) are less than [...] (c) 6 years old.

15.—(1) No person may organise a folk festival that takes places adjacent to a place of worship unless the Chief Officer has granted a licence for the event.

(2) The function of the Chief Officer under subsection (1) is a general delegated function under the Delegation of Functions Ordinance 2007.

(3) The organiser of an event licenced under subsection (1) must ensure that—
   (a) the relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with, and
   (b) all people present either—
       (i) hold a Safepass, or
       (ii) are less than [...] (d) 6 years old.

School Festive Events (e)

15A.—(1) Subject to subsection (2) no person may organise a school festive event.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply where the event is in a school on land occupied by the Crown in right of its Government of the United Kingdom.

(a) Section 13 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(b) Section 13 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(c) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(d) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(e) Section 15A inserted by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
PART 4
Businesses, undertakings and premises

Number of persons permitted to enter public service or retail premises

16.—(1) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), no person operating retail premises or an establishment where services are being provided to the public may, intentionally, recklessly or through lack of reasonable care, permit or suffer the ratio in subsection (2) to exceed 1 person per 7 square metres.

(2) The ratio in this subsection is that of the number of persons present in any area of such establishment that is open to the public to the surface, in square metres, of the floor of that area where the public may be present.

(3) Where a person is required to comply with relevant health and safety guidelines which provide that more than 1 person per 7 square metres may be present in a particular type of establishment, subsection (1) does not apply to a person operating such an establishment.

(4) A person in charge of a shopping centre or retail business must ensure that the ratio in subsection (2) does not exceed 1 person per 10 square metres.

(5) A person in charge of a retail business with a surface area greater than 500 square metres or a shopping centre must ensure that a person is present at the entrance of the premises to monitor the number of persons entering and leaving the premises to ensure that the maximum number of people permitted in that premises is not exceeded.

Signage

17.—(1) A person operating a retail business, including a shopping centre, must—

(a) put in place signage within the premises to ensure that a distance of two metres is maintained between customers at shop counters and in queues outside shops.

(b) display at the entrance to the premises the maximum number of people permitted to be within the premises in accordance with relevant health and safety guidelines and this Ordinance.

(2) A person operating or in charge of a premises providing public services must—

(a) put in place signage within the premises to ensure that a distance of two metres is maintained between any people on the premises, including staff, and

(b) display at the entrance to the premises the maximum number of people permitted to be within the premises in accordance with relevant health and safety guidelines and this Ordinance.

Catering establishments

18.—(1) A person operating a catering establishment must comply with the following conditions—

(a) except as provided by relevant health and safety guidelines, no more than […] 8 (a) people may be seated at any table,

(b) except as provided by relevant health and safety guidelines, customers must not be served at the bar, and the bar area may only be used by staff for the preparation of food and drinks.

(a) Amended by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(2) […] (a)

(2) A person operating a catering premises, other than a military catering facility situated on land occupied by the Crown in right of its Government of United Kingdom, must ensure—

(a) there are no more than […] 200 (b) people present at any one time, and

(b) all people present either—

(i) are a boosted person,

(ii) have evidence that they have tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within 24 hours of attending the premises, or

(iii) are less than six years old.

Nightclubs, reception halls, discos, music and dance venues etc

19. […] (c)

19. A person operating a nightclub, reception hall, disco, music venue or dance venue must ensure—

(a) compliance with relevant health and safety guidelines,

(b) there are no more than […] 200 (d) people present at any one time, and

(c) all people present either—

(i) are a boosted person,

(ii) have evidence that they have tested negative for COVID-19 (either a PCR or rapid flow test) within 24 hours of attending the premises,

(iii) are less than six years old.

Cinemas, theatres etc

20. —(1) A person operating a cinema, theatre, amphitheatre or performance venue must ensure compliance with relevant health and safety guidelines and that either—

(a) the number of people simultaneously present at the venue does not exceed 75% of the capacity of the venue, provided that all those people have a Safepass Plus or are less than […] (e) 6 years old, or

(b) where all those people in attendance hold a Safepass or are less than […] 6 years old —

(i) the number of people in an indoor venue does not exceed 300, or

(ii) the number of people in an outdoor venue does not exceed 350.

Sports facilities

21. —(1) A person in charge of an indoor or outdoor sports facility must ensure that—

(a) relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with, and

(b) changing rooms are only used on the day of a game or competition when training or matches of team and individual sports are held.

(2) A person in charge of an indoor sports facility, including a gym or dance school, must ensure that the number of persons present in the facility does not exceed 1 person per 8 square metres.

(a) Subsection 18(2) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(b) Amended by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(c) Section 19 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(d) Amended by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(e) Age amended wherever it appears in section 20 by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(3) No person aged [...] (a) 6 years or above may use an indoor or outdoor sports facility, or participate in a sporting match or event unless they are in possession of a Safepass.

(4) A person in charge of a public swimming pool must ensure compliance with relevant health and safety guidelines and that persons may not enter that swimming pool unless they—

(a) hold a Safepass, or
(b) are less than [...] 6 years old.

(5) A person organising a social sporting event such as a marathon, must ensure that relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with.

(6) [...] (b)

(6) A person in charge of a stadium or sports installation, other than a football ground, must ensure that—

(i) the number of people simultaneously present at the stadium or sports installation does not exceed 50% of its capacity, and
(ii) all spectators hold a Safepass or are less than 6 years old.

(7) A person in charge of a stadium or sports installation, other than a football ground, must ensure—

(a) in any indoor areas the number of people does not exceed—
   (i) 250 people, where those people either—
       (aa) present a Safepass, or
       (bb) are less than [...] 6 years old, or
   (ii) 350 people, where those people either—
       (aa) present a Safepass Plus, or
       (bb) are less than [...] 6 years old, or
(b) in any outdoor areas the number of people does not exceed—
   (i) 350 people, where those people either—
       (aa) present a Safepass, or
       (bb) are less than [...] 6 years old, or
   (ii) 500 people, where those people either—
       (aa) present a Safepass Plus, or
       (bb) are less than [...] 6 years old.

(8) A person in charge of a football ground must ensure—

(i) the number of people simultaneously present at the football ground does not exceed [...] 50% (c) of the capacity of the football ground, and
(ii) all spectators hold a Safepass or are less than [...] 6 years old.

(9) This section does not apply in an area—

(a) situated on land occupied by the Crown in right of its government of the United Kingdom, and
(b) in an area to which the general public does not have access.

**Open air markets**

22. A person in charge of an open air market must ensure that—

(a) relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with,
the number of people simultaneously present at the market does not exceed 50% of the capacity of the market,

(c) a distance of at least 1.5 metres is maintained between people present at the market, and

d) all people present either—
   (i) hold a Safepass, or
   (ii) are less than […] (a) 6 years old.

Residential and Support facilities

23.—(1) […] (b)

23.—(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3) no person (“P”) may visit another person in the following—

(a) an old peoples’ home,
(b) a care home for the elderly,
(c) a chronic care unit,
(d) a shelter facility for vulnerable groups,
(e) a temporary shelter for the homeless,
(f) a day care centre, or
(g) a childcare facility or child protection unit.

(2) P is permitted to visit another person in a residential facility listed in subsection (1) if P has been given permission for the visit by the person in charge of the facility, and either—

(a) P has tested negative for COVID-19 by a PCR within the period of 24 hours immediately preceding the visit, or

(b) P has tested negative for COVID-19 by a rapid flow test within the period of 24 hours immediately preceding the visit, and the person in charge of the facility has approved the use of this test due to exceptional or emergency circumstances.

(3) P is permitted to visit another person in a non-residential facility listed in subsection (1) if—

(a) P is less than 6 years old, or
(b) P is aged between 6 and 11 and presents evidence that they—
   (i) have had COVID-19 within the 6 months immediately preceding the visit,
   (ii) have completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19, or
   (iii) have tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the 7 days immediately preceding the visit.

(c) P is aged 12 or over and presents evidence that they—
   (i) have had COVID-19 within the 6 months immediately preceding the visit,
   (ii) have completed a full course of vaccination against COVID-19, or
   (iii) have tested negative for COVID-19 by a PCR within the 72 hours immediately preceding the visit.

(4) No resident of a residential facility listed in subsection (1) is permitted to leave the residential facility unless authorised by the person in charge of the facility.

(a) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(b) Section 23 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
Businesses accepting Safepass Plus

24.—(1) Any business or premises owner that decides to allow access to the business or premises only to those holding a Safepass Plus must ensure that this requirement is displayed in a prominent place at the business or premises.

(2) Any business or premises owner that decides to allow access to the business or premises only to those holding a Safepass Plus must notify the Chief Officer of this decision, in writing, at least 7 days prior to the decision taking effect.

Rent relief for businesses affected by prohibitions of their activities

25.—(1) This section applies where a person (“the tenant”) is renting premises from another (“the landlord”) under a lease for the purposes of operating a retail business or catering establishment which was prohibited from operating by a provision in the Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) Ordinance 2021(a).

(2) Except where subsections (3) or (5) applies, an obligation, under the lease, to pay rent in respect of the months of January and February 2021 is to apply as if—
   (a) the obligation applied in full only to 30% of the amount of the rent, and
   (b) with regards to the remainder of the amount, the obligation was to pay it in instalments of equal amount to be determined by the tenant.

(3) Where the rent in respect of January 2021 had been paid when this Ordinance came into force, an obligation, under the lease, to pay rent in respect of the months of February and March 2021 is to apply as if—
   (a) the obligation applied in full only to 30% of the amount of the rent, and
   (b) with regards to the remainder of the amount, the obligation was to pay the rent in instalments of an equal amount to be determined by the tenant—

(4) An instalment payable under subsection (2) or (3) in any given month is payable—
   (a) if the rent is payable monthly, on the same day as the day when the rent is due, or
   (b) in any other case, on the last day of the month.

(5) Where the landlord is the Crown, in whichever capacity, there is no obligation under the lease, to pay rent in respect of the month of—
   (a) if the rent for January 2021 had not been paid when this Ordinance came into force, January and February 2021, or
   (b) otherwise, February and March 2021.

Infected premises

26.—(1) This section applies where—

   (a) a person who has worked, in the past 72 hours, in premises used for an activity to which this section applies has been infected with COVID-19, and

   (b) the person in charge of the activity knows or ought reasonably to have known the fact referred to in paragraph (a).

(2) This section applies to the following activities—

   (a) a business, and

   (b) the activities of a public authority.

(3) In this section—

   “contact” has the same meaning as in the Quarantine (Public Health) Regulations;

“the person in charge” means a person having control of the business or public authority referred to in subsection (2);
“the premises” means the premises referred to in subsection (1)(a); and
“the relevant time” means the time when the person in charge knows, or ought reasonably to have known, the fact referred to in subsection (1)(a), whichever is earlier.

(4) The person in charge must, as soon as possible after the relevant time, and until completion of the process referred to in subsection (7), take all reasonable steps necessary to—
(a) prevent the business from operating at the premises, and
(b) prevent all persons working for the business from entering the premises, in either case except for the purpose of this section.

(5) The person in charge must, as soon as possible after the relevant time, cause the premises to be disinfected in accordance with either—
(a) the relevant health and safety guidelines, or
(b) the publication entitled “Disinfection of environments in healthcare and non-healthcare settings potentially contaminated with SARS-CoV-2”, issued by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control(a), as amended from time to time.

(6) Once disinfection under subsection (5) is completed, the person in charge must take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure that all doors and windows of the premises remain closed for three hours.

(7) After the closure referred to in subsection (6) has come to an end, the person in charge must take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure that all doors and windows of the premises remain open for 30 minutes prior to the re-entry of staff.

**Visiting hospitals etc**

27. […] (b)

27. […] (c)

27.—(1) No person may visit another person in hospital unless—
(a) they have been given permission for the visit by the person in charge of the hospital, and either—
(i) they have tested negative for COVID-19 by a PCR within the period of 24 hours immediately preceding the visit,
(ii) they have tested negative for COVID-19 by a rapid flow test within the period of 24 hours immediately preceding the visit, and the person in charge of the hospital has approved the use of this test due to exceptional or emergency circumstances, or
(iii) they are less than 6 years old.
(2) No person may attend an outpatient facility, clinic, or diagnostic centre unless—
(a) they are a boostered person,
(b) they have tested negative for COVID-19 (by either a PCR or rapid flow test) within the 24 hours immediately preceding the visit, or
(c) they are less than 6 years old.

**Relevant undertakings**

28.—(1) A person in charge of a relevant undertaking must ensure that—

(b) Section 27 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(c) Section 27 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(a) relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with, and
(b) all people present either—
   (i) hold a Safepass, or
   (ii) are less than [...] (a) 6 years old.

(2) For the purpose of this section a ‘relevant undertaking’ is—
   (a) […] (b)
   (b) a driving school,
   (c) a playground,
   (d) a funfair,
   (e) a theme park,
   (f) a hotel or tourist accommodation,
   (g) a construction site,
   (h) a salon, barber or hairdressers,
   (i) a tattoo parlour,
   (j) an archaeological site,
   (k) a museum,
   (l) a gallery,
   (m) a private education centre, or
   (n) a gaming or betting establishment, other than a casino. (c)

**Number of persons permitted to work at a private business (d)**

28A.—(1) […] (e) A person having control of an activity of a business to which this subsection applies must ensure no more than […](f) […]50% (g) of the total number of persons employed by the business for the purposes of the activity are present at an individual site of the business at any one time.

(1A) Subject to subsection (2), this section applies to an activity of a business if—
   (a) the business employs more than 10 persons,
   (b) the activity consists of the provision of services,
   (c) none of the following sections apply to the activity—
      (i) section 18 (catering establishments),
      (ii) section 19 (nightclubs, reception halls, discos, music and dance venues etc),
      (iii) section 20 (cinemas, theatres etc),
      (iv) section 21 (sports facilities),
      (v) section 28 (relevant undertakings), and
   (d) the activity is not a taxi, minicab or public transport service. (h)

(2) […] (i) Subsection 1 does not apply to an activity of a business if the activity consists of any of the following—

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(a) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(b) Deleted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(c) Text inserted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(d) Section 28A inserted by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 06 December 2021
(e) Subsection (1) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(f) Amended by Ordinance 01/2022 – came into force on 08 January 2022
(g) Amended by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(h) Subsection (1A) inserted by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(i) Subsection (2) amended by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
(a) bank services,
(b) services providing public safety and order,
(c) services required to monitor and manage the Coronavirus pandemic,
(d) providing social services and pay allowances and other benefits to citizens,
(e) ensuring continuous electricity and water supply,
(f) providing irrigation,
(g) operating electronic communications systems, telecommunications and post offices,
(h) operating air transports and air traffic control,
(i) operating sea traffic management and monitoring systems,
(j) operating civil defence,
(k) hospitals and related services of the health sector,
(l) repairing or maintaining equipment and electrical and mechanical installations of national infrastructure,
(m) managing waste,
(n) operating ports, or services supporting the operation of ports, (a).
(o) veterinary services,
(p) prisons,
(q) asylum and immigration services,
(r) insurance services, and (b)
(s) services to provide maintenance and cleaning to buildings and outdoor areas,
(t) credit acquiring services, (c)
(u) shipping or services supporting shipping,
(v) legal services,
(w) mass media,
(x) fire fighting services,
(y) private protection and the fitting and maintenance of private protection systems,
(z) services relating to compliance by the Republic of Cyprus with its obligations under Council Directive 2009/119/EC of 14 September 2009 imposing an obligation on Member States to maintain minimum stocks of crude oil and/or petroleum products(d).

**Casinos (c)**

28B. A person in charge of a casino must ensure that—

(a) the relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with,
(b) the number of people simultaneously present in the casino does not exceed 50% of the capacity of the casino, and

(c) all people present either—
   (i) hold a Safepass, or
   (ii) are less than 6 years old.

PART 5
Public services

Immigration centres

29.—A person may not be present in a place approved by the Chief Officer under section 34(1) of the Immigration Ordinance 2020(a), except as a person detained under Part 5 of that Ordinance, unless the person is either
   (a) in possession of a Safepass, or
   (b) less than […] (b) 6 years old.

Courts

30. The person in charge of a court must ensure that the relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with.

Prisons

31. A person may not be present in a prison, except as an inmate, unless the person is either—
   (a) in possession of a Safepass, or
   (b) less than […] (c) 6 years old.

Remote working for community councils and municipality councils (d)

31A. Community councils and municipality councils must ensure that no more than 50% of the total number of employees are present at an individual site of the council at any one time.

Community councils and municipality councils

32.—(1) Community councils and municipality councils may grant special leave by reason of public health to a person employed by them (“the employee”) where—
   (a) the application of section 16, section 31A (e) or of the relevant health and safety guidelines prevent all the employees of the council from being present at their normal workplace, and
   (b) it is not possible for the employee to do the work remotely.

(2) Community councils and municipality councils must ensure that, as between employees, subsection (1) is applied fairly.

(3) Subject to subsection (4) and (5), an employer must allow to work remotely those of its employees who—

(a) Ordinance 34/2020.
(b) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(c) Age amended by Ordinance 34/2021 – came into force on 04 December 2021
(d) Section 31A inserted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(e) Text inserted by Ordinance 02/2022 – came into force on 14 January 2022
(a) are being required to isolate under—
   (i) regulation 8 or 9 of the Quarantine (Public Health) Regulations(a), or a legislative
       provision of the Republic having substantially the same effect on the territory of the
       Republic, or
   (ii) the Quarantine (Measures to Prevent the Spread of COVID-19) (No.3) Regulations
        2020(b) or a legislative provision of the Republic having substantially the same
        effect on the territory of the Republic,

(b) need to be absent from their normal workplace as a result of the application of section
    26, or

(c) need to act as carers for a child aged under 16 or a person who has a disability—
   (i) who are being required to isolate under anything done under any of the provisions
       referred to in paragraph (a), or
   (ii) whose school is, for the time being, closed as a measure to prevent the spread of
        COVID-19.

(4) Where subsection (3) applies the employer must—
   (a) if the employee is of a description to which subsection (3)(c) applies, allow the
       employee to take special leave of absence by reason of public health,
   (b) if it is not reasonably possible to allow the employee to work from home, allow the
       employee to take special leave of absence for reasons of public health if the
       employee—
       (i) is required to isolate under—
           (aa) regulation 9 of the Quarantine (Public Health) Regulations, as a result of
                having come into contact with an infected person during the course of their
                employment,
           (bb) a legislative provision of the Republic having the same effect on the territory
                of the Republic, as a result of having come into contact with any infected
                person during the course of their employment, or
           (cc) the provisions referred to in subsection (3)(a)(ii), as a result of returning to the
                island of Cyprus from travel undertaken in the course of their employment, or
       (ii) is of a description to which subsection (3)(b) applies
       (iii) is of a description to which subsection (3)(c)(ii) applies, and it is not reasonably
            possible to allow the employee to work from home, allow the employee to take
            special leave of absence for reasons of public health if the employee—
            (aa) the other parent of the child has been granted special leave of absence by
                 reason of public health,
            (bb) the person making the application is part of the staff of the health services of
                 the council, and the other parent of the child is also employed by the council,
                 but not in health services, or
   (c) in any other case if it is not reasonably possible to allow the employee to work
       remotely, allow the employee to either—
       (i) take sickness leave, or
       (ii) in exceptional circumstances, take special leave of absence for reasons of public
            health.

(4A) A community or municipality council must grant the employee special leave by
reason of public health where—

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(a) Cap. 145
(b) PI 6/2020, as amended by PI 01/2021
(a) acting reasonably and fairly, it has decided not to allow the employee to work on a site of the employer for the purposes of complying with section 16 or with relevant health and safety guidelines, or of preventing the incidence or spread of COVID-19,

(b) the employee is fit to perform their tasks under their contract of employment, and

(c) it is not reasonably possible to allow the employee to work from home remotely.

(5) Subsection (3)(a) only applies if the employee holds a Medical Certificate of Absence from Work for Public Health Reasons delivered by the authorities of the Republic.

(6) Where an employee is granted special leave for reasons of public health under this section, the employer must pay the employee, in respect of the time spent in special leave for reasons of public health, at least 60% of the employee’s salary.

(7) Time spent on special leave for reasons of public health under this section is considered to be time spent in the employer’s employment for the purposes of any pension, retirement gratuities, Provident Funds and payment of increments, thirteenth salary and promotion.

(8) Subsection (9) applies where—

(a) the factors increasing the risk of becoming seriously ill upon contracting COVID-19, as determined by the relevant health and safety guidelines, are present in relation to an employee, and

(b) it is not possible for the employee to keep from other persons the distances prescribed by the relevant health and safety guidelines.

(9) Where this subsection applies, the employer must allow the employee to work remotely, unless it is not reasonably possible to do so.

(10) Where subsection (9) does not apply because it is not reasonably possible to allow the employee to work remotely, the employer must grant the employee special leave for reasons of public health.

(11) Subject to subsection (13), where the prevalence of COVID-19 has prevented the employee of a community council or a municipality council to take any part of their annual leave entitlement for the year 2020, the untaken annual leave entitlement is carried over to the year 2021, in addition to any other leave that the employee is entitled to carry over.

(12) Subject to subsection (13), where the prevalence of COVID-19 has prevented the employee of a community council or a municipality council to take any part of their annual leave entitlement for the year 2021, the untaken annual leave entitlement is carried over to the end of the year 2022, in addition to any other leave that the employee is entitled to carry over.

(13) The sum of the number of days of annual leave carried over under subsections (11) and (12) may not exceed 20.

PART 6

Transport

Requirements when travelling in a motor vehicle

33. A person travelling in a motor vehicle must comply with relevant health and safety guidelines.

(a) Subsection (4A) inserted by Ordinance 35/2021 – came into force on 15 December 2021
Relevant health and safety guidelines for operating a ferry etc.

34. The person operating the following must ensure that all passengers and crew are in possession of a Safepass and that relevant health and safety guidelines are complied with—

(a) a ferry,
(b) an amateur fishing vessel, or
(c) a vessel being used for the purpose of diving or other water sports.

PART 7
Health Professionals

Power to give instructions to doctors, surgeons and nurses

35.—(1) Any person authorised to practice medicine, surgery or nursing, by or under the Medical Practitioners Ordinance 1964(a) or the Nursing and Midwifery Ordinance 1964(b), must carry out such practice in accordance with any instructions given by the Chief Officer for the purposes of preventing the spread of COVID-19.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to—

(a) any person who is employed by the Crown or an authorised service organisation as a medical practitioner, and
(b) any person who is employed by the Crown or an authorised service organisation as a nurse or midwife.

(3) Instructions given under subsection (1) may relate to practice of the person outside the Areas.

(4) The functions of the Chief Officer under subsection (1) are general delegated functions for the purposes of the Delegation of Functions to the Republic Ordinance 2007(c).

(5) Despite any provision of the Medical Practitioners Ordinance 1964, any person may perform, in the Areas, any medical or surgical act which that person could perform in the Republic by virtue of paragraph 2.26 of the Quarantine (Determination of Measures of the Prevention of the Spread of Corona Virus COVID-19) Order (No. 2) of 2021 of the Republic(d).

(6) Despite any provision of the Nursing and Midwifery Ordinance 1964, any person may perform, in the Areas, any nursing act which that person could perform in the Republic by virtue of paragraph 2.26 of the Quarantine (Determination of Measures of the Prevention of the Spread of Corona Virus COVID-19) Order (No. 2) of 2021 of the Republic.

PART 8
Enforcement

Offences and penalties

36.—(1) A person (“P”) commits an offence if—

(a) P fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a restriction or requirement imposed by or under this Ordinance; or
(b) P is in a place where a person is required to hold a Safepass or Safepass Plus and P fails to produce a Safepass or Safepass Plus when requested by the police or the person who owns or operates that place.

(2) Subject to subsection (4), any person contravening any of the restrictions or requirements imposed by or under this Ordinance is guilty of an offence and on conviction thereof is liable to imprisonment not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding €3000.

(3) If any offence under subsection (1) committed by a body corporate is proved—
   (a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer of the body, or
   (b) to be attributable to any neglect on the part of such an officer,
   (c) the officer (as well as the body corporate) is guilty of the offence and liable to be prosecuted and proceeded against and punished accordingly.

(4) In the case of an offence consisting of a breach of an interim order imposed under section 37, the maximum fine to which the offender is liable is €20,000.

(5) In subsection (3), “officer”, in relation to a body corporate, means a director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate.

Interim ex parte orders

37.—(1) A police officer may make an ex-parte application to the Resident Judge’s Court for an interim order to suspend operation of a business where a person has been charged with an offence under the provisions of this Ordinance related to the operation of the business, if that person—
   (a) controls the business or,
   (b) is an officer of a body corporate that controls the business.

(2) If an application is filed under subsection (1), the Court may make the order applied for where it appears to be just and convenient to do so.

Detained persons

38.—(1) For the purpose of preventing or protecting against the incidence or spread of COVID-19, a police officer or prison officer may require a person remanded in police custody or a prisoner serving a prison sentence to submit to—
   (a) a COVID-19 test,
   (b) a medical examination by a medical practitioner at a time and place specified by the police officer or prison officer, or
   (c) both.

(2) For the purpose of preventing or protecting against the incidence of spread of COVID-19, an immigration officer may require a person detained under Part 5 of the Immigration Ordinance 2020 at a place approved by the Chief Officer under section 34(1) of that Ordinance to submit to—
   (a) a COVID-19 test,
   (b) a medical examination by a medical practitioner at a time and place specified by the immigration officer, or
   (c) both.

PART 9
Final provisions

Repeals

39.—(1) The following Ordinances are repealed—

23
(a) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) Ordinance 2021(a).
(b) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment) Ordinance 2021(b).
(c) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.2) Ordinance 2021(c).
(d) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.3) Ordinance 2021(d).
(e) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.4) Ordinance 2021(e).
(f) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.5) Ordinance 2021(f).
(g) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.6) Ordinance 2021(g).
(h) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.7) Ordinance 2021(h).
(i) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.8) Ordinance 2021(i).
(k) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.10) Ordinance 2021(k).
(m) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.12) Ordinance 2021(m).
(q) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.16) Ordinance 2021(q).
(s) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.18) Ordinance 2021(s).
(u) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.20) Ordinance 2021(u).
(w) Protection of Public Health (COVID-19) (Amendment No.22) Ordinance 2021(w).
## Price Caps

### SCHEDULE

#### Section 9

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**MASKS**

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**THERMOMETERS**

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